Champaign Park District

Champaign, Illinois

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended

April 30, 2020

Prepared By: Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal



October 28, 2020

Board of Commissioners Champaign Park District

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Champaign Park District for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. The State of Illinois requires each local government to issue an annual report on its financial position prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020.

This report is based on management's goal to present a complete financial picture of the operations and financial position of the Champaign Park District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the District has established and maintained a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the District's assets from loss, theft or misuse, to assure transactions are properly executed and recorded with management's authorization and to compile sufficient information for the District's financial statements. The District's system of internal control is supported by written policies and procedures and periodically reviewed, evaluated and modified to meet current needs.

It is management's belief that the District's system of internal controls adequately safeguards assets, provides a reasonable assurance of proper recording of transactions and that these financial statements are complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by the firm of Martin Hood LLC, licensed certified public accountants. The audit involved examining selected records to support amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles applied and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The

independent auditor's report is presented in the financial statement section of this report beginning on page 11.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Champaign Park District

The Champaign Park District was organized in November 1911. The District was established as a separate unit of local government in 1955 by a public referendum. The District is a municipal corporation under the Statutes of the State of Illinois.

The District operates under a Board-Executive Director form of government. The five-member Board of Commissioners is elected to six-year, uncompensated, terms in biennial elections. The Executive Director and the department heads who serve under his supervision are responsible for carrying out the policies, procedures and ordinances of the District.

The District's boundaries are nearly coterminous with the City of Champaign and covers approximately 25 square miles. The 2010 census conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census lists the City's population as 81,055, with an 8.6% increase estimated as of July 1, 2019 to 88,029. The District maintains 63 parks and facilities comprised of community parks, neighborhood parks, mini parks, and 30 walking/biking trails covering 691 acres. The District's 2019-2022 strategic plan approved May 8, 2019 identifies the District's vision to provide the community with parks, trails, facilities, and programs to promote their pursuit of wellness and healthy living. The mission of the District is to enhance our community's quality of life through positive experiences in parks, recreation, and cultural arts.

In 1999, the District received the Illinois Association of Park Districts and the Illinois Park and Recreation Association's Distinguished Accredited Agency award. To earn this distinction, a park district is evaluated in six separate categories which range from mandatory and legal requirements to desired standards for park districts that the two associations have set. The District was re-evaluated and certified in 2006, 2011 and 2018 and has continued to maintain this distinguished distinction each time. Only 65 other park districts from over 350 agencies in the State of Illinois have obtained the distinguished accredited agency designation.

Financial Planning

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. In May, a proposed budget is submitted by staff to the Board of Commissioners for review and approval. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them for the fiscal year beginning May 1. Before the budget can be officially approved, state law requires a public hearing

on the proposed budget. By state law, the budget must be officially approved by the Board of Commissioners by the end of the first quarter of the new fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, program activity and line item classification. Budgetary control is utilized as a management control device during the year through an internal reporting process. The process includes verification of appropriation amounts prior to expenditures and a monthly review of all account totals compared with appropriations. Contracts greater than or equal to \$20,000, or that exceed a one-year term require the Board of Commissioner's approval. The Board reviews monthly, all expenditures and financial statements and is updated on line item accounts which may go over appropriated amounts and need a transfer.

Transfers are generally within the same fund and are simply movement from one line item account that is under budget to another line item account that will exceed its appropriated amount. Transfers between lines within the same fund may be made throughout the year without Board approval and are then approved by the Board near the end of the fiscal year. If necessary, transfers between line items between different funds are approved as part of the monthly Treasurer's Report and Detailed Bill Listing which is approved by the Board.

A new Budget and Appropriation Ordinance is required if the total appropriation for a fund is exceeded. The Board of Commissioners may amend the Budget and Appropriation Ordinance, but it must be done in accordance with the same procedures followed in adopting the original ordinance. A formal budget amendment was not required during FY20.

Local Economy

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

Unfortunately, in March, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the COVID-19 virus a pandemic. As a result, the State of Illinois and other States across the U.S. issued Stay at Home orders to promote social distancing and prevent the spread of the virus. At the same time, schools were on spring break, and ultimately closed for the remainder of the school year, converting to online academics; while businesses were also closed to the public unless deemed essential. On April 23, 2020, Governor Pritzker extended the Stay at Home order for the State of Illinois through May 30, 2020.

Through unprecedented measures to slow the spread of the virus, the economy was essentially shutdown starting in mid-March. The Park District was able to keep part-time staff on payroll through the end of April 30, 2020 at which point approximately 130 part-time employees were laid off.

The Champaign Park District is located in East Central Illinois; in a normal year is one of the most consistently stable economic environments in the State of Illinois. The unemployment rate for the State as of April 2020, was 17.2% compared to 10.9% for Champaign, and 14.7% nationally. A major reason Champaign's rate remains lower than the State and National rates is due to our diverse community. The University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign is located in Champaign and its neighbor City of Urbana which continues to provide steady employment to our citizens providing 14,502 jobs to the community. The large number of University employees residing in the District contributes greatly to the District's program and property tax revenues. The District's commercial base is rather diverse which tends to minimize the overall effects of economic swings as well as a recent increase in the estimated population totals since the 2010 Census. The commercial base of the District is mainly divided between healthcare, retail, food, service, real estate and high technology industries. In recent years, the park District's boundaries have expanded by residential and commercial growth. The City of Champaign continues to see steady growth in the number of building permits issued annually, resulting in projected growth in equalized assessed values for the current and future years.

The Park District's equalized assessed valuation (EAV) for RY2019 increased 3.8% and is projected to increase approximately 5.05% in RY2020. Farm EAV increased 19.1% and commercial development EAV increased 6.14%. Large developments are under construction in both southwest Champaign plus continued redevelopment project for Bristol Park neighborhood in North Champaign during 2020.

For tax year 2018 (FY2020), the assessed value increased 3.3% compared to the 3.8% increase in tax year 2019 (FY2021). In general, an increase in the assessed valuation helps offset the property tax cap limits imposed by the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. This law limits the increase in the District's annual property tax levy to the lesser of 5% or the increase in the national Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus any new or improved property in the District. CPI for calendar year 2019 was set at 2.3% will impact property taxes for RY2020; a 21.0% increase from the prior year as the economy improves prior to the shutdown in mid-March 2020 as a result of the pandemic. Property taxes account for nearly 70% of the District's total revenues. The District does not receive any state or local income tax revenue other than a portion of Personal Property Replacement Tax (PPRT), which is collected and distributed by the State of Illinois Department of Revenue.

Major Initiatives

The District's six-year capital improvement plan is reviewed and revised annually. The Board of Commissioners and the staff updated the six-year plan and formally approved the 2021-2026 plan at the Regular Board meeting on April 8, 2020. During the annual budget process, staff review and reprioritize the capital program

in order to best meet the District's maintenance, development and land acquisition goals as they fit in the current year's budget, Board Priorities and strategic plan.

The District continues to issue general obligation bonds to help finance various capital and major repair projects. The District issued \$1,168,900 of bonds in November 2019. The District has completed or is in the process of completing the following projects:

<u>Vehicles/Equipment</u> – continued replacement of aging equipment and vehicles used to maintain the parks and facilities within the 691 acres of the District according to the replacement schedules and other determining factors.

Dodds 3-Plex – Installation of replacement scoreboards.

<u>Virginia Theatre</u> – Completion of roof replacement at the facility.

<u>BMC HVAC</u> – Engineering work and construction completed for design and replacement of the existing HVAC system at the Bresnan Meeting Center administrative offices building.

<u>Noel Park Renovations</u> – Completed the installation of a replacement playground, added a walking path to the park.

<u>Shop Expansion</u> – completed construction expansion of outdoor shop yard and add-on building began.

<u>Spalding Park</u> – Renovations began in conjunction with the Community School District Unit 4 agreement. Park District to complete pathways, lighting and playground replacement in future. Received a \$347,000 OSLAD grant from Illinois Department of Natural Resources so project has been continued into FY2021.

The Park District, in conjunction with the Champaign Parks Foundation, received a Charitable Donation Memorandum of Understanding approved September 27, 2017 from a single donor in the amount of \$4.4 million to be paid over several years. This generous donation is to facilitate in building a new community center in North Champaign to be known as Martens Center that is unique to not only the District, but the community as well. Pledges began to flow in with continued fundraising efforts to occur through 2020.

Debt Administration

The District can issue debt to provide financing, and pay the costs associated with, the acquisition, and improvement of long-term assets and/or to make the annual debt payment on the alternative revenue bonds. It is not used to finance the District's regular operating expenditures. The District's primary objectives in debt management are to keep the level of indebtedness within available resources and

within the total debt and payment limits established by state statutes and tax cap legislation.

The statutory debt limit for the District is 2.875% (\$54,705,939) of the assessed valuation for total debt issued and .575% (\$10,941,188) for general obligation bonds. The District is well within these established limits. Currently, the District has \$1,168,900 of non-referendum general obligation debt maturing in November 2020 and \$2,475,000 of alternate revenue bonds maturing in December 2024.

In fiscal year 2020 Moody's Investor's Services, Inc. upgraded the District to an Aa1 rating. Moody's cited the District's strong and stable financial position and modest pension and debt burdens for the rating upgrade.

Impact of Financial Policies on Financial Statements

Employee compensation continues to increase annually due in part to annual salary increases for performance, health insurance costs, annual rate adjustments for hourly part-time and seasonal staff, and pension costs as more part-time employees are reaching the hour requirement for eligibility. The District updated its fund balance policy in fall 2010 to maintain a 120-day reserve balance in the main funds (General, Recreation and Museum). These reserve levels are monitored to ensure that they are maintained, and the District continues to exceed these levels since the policy was implemented.

The District invests cash that is temporarily idle in the Illinois Funds Local Government Investment Pool, the Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund, the Illinois Municipal Investment Fund, and numerous certificate of deposits and money market index funds at local financial institutions. The District has adopted, and follows, an investment policy based on the Illinois Compiled Statutes Investment Policy Act and the GFOA best practices. Protection of principle is of prime importance with all invested funds. Additional information on the District's cash management policies and details of the District's investments can be found in Notes 1 and 4 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Since May 1, 1993, the District has been a member of the Park District Risk Management Agency (PDRMA) which was organized by state park districts in Illinois in accordance with the terms of an intergovernmental cooperative agreement. The purpose of PDRMA is to obtain insurance coverage as a single insurable unit for the member park districts for coverage in excess of self-insurance units and to administer the payment of self-insurance claims. Currently, over 145 park districts and special recreation associations throughout the State of Illinois belong to PDRMA. The District's portion of the overall equity in the investment pool is 0.837%, or \$412,975. Additional information on the District's risk management activity can be found in Note 19 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

The District participates in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments in Illinois. All employees who meet certain minimum hourly standards must participate by contributing 4.5% of their annual salary which is set by state statute. The District contributes the remaining amounts necessary to fund the system, using the actuarial basis specified by the statute. The District contributed 5.73% of salaries of covered employees during calendar year 2019 and 5.30% in 2020. Additional information on the District's pension arrangement and activity can be found in Note 17 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Champaign Park District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine the eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report has been made possible due to contributions from many individuals of the Administration and Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to everyone who assisted and contributed to the report. Credit must also be given to the Board of Commissioners for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the District's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

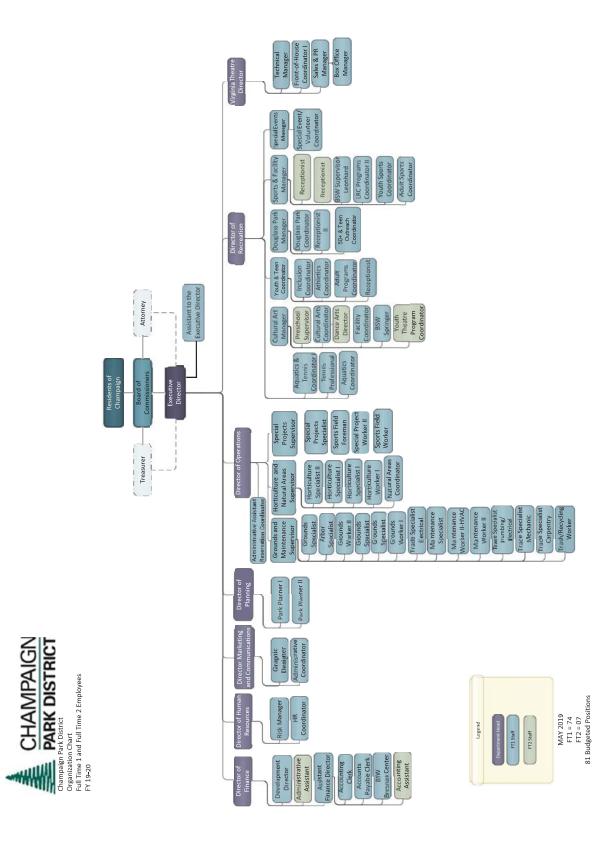
Andrea N. Wallace, CPA

Director of Finance

Joseph C. DeLuce, CPRP

Joseph Pike

Executive Director



CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT

List of Elected and Appointed Officials

As of the Issuance Date of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Board of Commissioners

PresidentCraig W. Hays
Vice President
Commissioner
CommissionerBarbara J. Kuhl
Commissioner
AttorneyGuy C. Hall
Treasurer
Administrative Staff
Executive Director and Assistant Board SecretaryJoe DeLuce, CPRP
Assistant to the Executive Director and Board SecretaryJarrod Scheunemann
Director of Finance
Director of Human Resources, Technology, and RiskTammy Hoggatt, SPHR, SHRM-SCP
Director of Marketing & Communications
Director of Operations
Director of Planning
Director of Recreation
Director of Revenue Facilities
Director of Virginia TheatreSteven Bentz



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Champaign Park District Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Martin Hood LLC 2507 South Neil Street Champaign, Illinois 61820 Tel: 217.351.2000

Fax: 217.351.7726 www.martinhood.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Champaign Park District Champaign, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Champaign Park District (the District), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness



of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis, IMRF Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, IMRF Schedule of Employer Contributions, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Post-Employment Benefits on pages 14 through 24 and pages 78 through 81, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements, individual major and non-major funds financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and non-major funds financial statements (Schedules 1 through 19) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit

of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual major and non-major funds financial statements (Schedules 1 through 19) are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Partin Good LLC

Champaign, Illinois October 28, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the Champaign Park District's (District's) financial activities as of and for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Management encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year and prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$66,242,506 (net position) and shows an improvement over the prior year by increasing 10.1%. The current fiscal year included a significant number of capital projects, which were carried over into fiscal year ended (FYE) 2021 resulting in an increase to cash of \$2.1 million over prior year. While charges for services revenue declined, the overall non-tax revenues gained momentum and reached 34.7% at the end of April 2020 as donations from the Foundation covered a significant portion of capital expenditures this year compared to prior year amounts.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased 50.8% due to a change in the accounting estimates used for both the pension and OPEB liability calculations.
- The District received two pledge donations for the Martens Center project totaling \$1 million that will be paid over several years. This project is set to begin construction in 2021.
- The District was awarded \$1,347,000 in new capital grant funding during FY2020 to assist with various capital projects including, the Virginia Theatre Sound System (\$750,000), Spalding Park Improvements (\$347,000), Intelligent Lighting for the Virginia Theatre (\$50,000), and Greenbelt Bikeway Connection project (\$200,000).
- The District had \$141,444 reclassified out of unearned revenue to a refund liability account. Normally unearned revenue is considerably higher in a given year, but with COVID-19 a substantial amount of programming was cancelled as the District was forced to Shelter in Place under an Executive Order by the Governor of the State of Illinois. The refunds were issued in the subsequent fiscal year.
- Deferred inflows decreased from prior year, as the property tax receivable and deferral were netted out for the government wide financials as per GAAP.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,400,341, an increase of \$2,340,854 over the prior year, and the District continues to maintain the targeted minimum reserve goal of 120-days of operating funds related to the General, Recreation and Museum funds. The majority of the increase is due to capital projects budgeted but not yet completed at fiscal year-end, thus rolling over into the subsequent year, combined with reduction in expenditures due to shut down from mid-March.
- Total governmental fund revenues increased 6.8% over prior year. Most of the increase stemmed from 3.6% increase in property tax revenues and 323.8% increase in contributions and sponsorships as the Martens Center project began to move forward.

The expenditures were covered by the Champaign Parks Foundation donations received and reimbursed to the District. Total expenditures for the District's governmental funds increased 20.3% from the prior year. Operating expenditures decreased 5.2% from the prior year, while capital outlay increased 178.3% as planned for the shop expansion project and beginning phase of Martens Center and other smaller capital projects.

 The District's total long-term debt decreased 12.6% from the prior year as the District continues to pay the principal on the outstanding bond debt and has not issued any new long-term debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include not only the District itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate nonprofit organization, the Champaign Parks Foundation, which is exclusively dedicated to philanthropic support to the District. The financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented in the primary government. These financial statements are prepared on the full-accrual method of accounting reflecting all assets and liabilities in a similar accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All revenues and expenses are reflected regardless of when the cash is received or paid and more importantly present the District as a whole.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Starting in fiscal year 2008, the activities of the Champaign Parks Foundation are included in the audit, which is reflected in the *Component Unit* reference in the financial statements. The governmental activities of the District include culture and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The modified accrual method of accounting is used to record revenues and expenditures within the fund financial statements. This method measures cash and any other financial asset that can easily be converted into cash. The purpose of these financials is to facilitate an analysis of financial resources that can be spent in future years to support the District's programs.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Recreation Fund, Museum Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 34 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The District maintains no proprietary funds (also called Enterprise Funds). Enterprise Funds are presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District maintains one fiduciary fund. The Activity Fund is used to account for money held in trust for groups affiliated with but not controlled by the District. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 35 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 36 through 77 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. The required supplementary information includes information concerning the District's changes in net pension liability for employees and related ratios and changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios. The other supplementary schedules contain combining financial information and budget to actual comparisons for the non-major funds and Capital Improvements Fund, information about the legal debt margin calculations and assessed valuations, tax rates, taxes extended and collected information about the property tax funding system. Required supplementary and other supplementary information can be found on pages 78 through 121 of this report.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The total net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, total net position was \$66,242,506 at the close of the most recent fiscal year representing a net increase of \$6,092,319 (10.1%) over the prior year. Part of the increase to fund balance in current year was a direct result of the national pandemic as mentioned in the transmittal letter. Normally the Park District would hire hundreds of new hires to start work in April, however that did not occur. In addition, capital projects were temporarily suspended. Approximately \$455,000 of the increase is specific to unspent property tax dollars that were levied to cover the increases to minimum wages that were not seen to the fullest potential due to the shutdown. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position.

Condensed Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

Table 1

	Governmen	ital A	ctivities
	2020		2019
Current and Other Assets	\$ 30,843.5	\$	40,031.9
Capital Assets	 41,944.9		39,214.7
Total Assets	72,788.4		79,246.6
Deferred Outflow of Resources	 568.8		1,157.4
Long-Term Liabilities	3,098.0		3,840.2
Other Liabilities	 2,795.3		2,918.3
Total Liabilities	5,893.3		6,758.5
Deferred Inflow of Resources	 1,221.5		13,495.3
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	39,476.5		36,689.0
Restricted	4,701.8		3,765.0
Unresticted	22,064.2		19,696.2
Total Net Position	\$ 66,242.5	\$	60,150.2

Deferred outflow of resources (\$568,853) decreased substantially from prior year due to a change in accounting estimate used in current year for the pension calculations. These amounts attributed to 96.4% of the decrease from prior year.

Unrestricted net position (\$22,064,211), the portion that can be used to finance the day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, legislation, or any other legal requirements, increased from the prior year by 12.0%. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for its governmental activities.

Net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, accounts for 59.6% of the total net position. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the revenues and expenses of the District's activities:

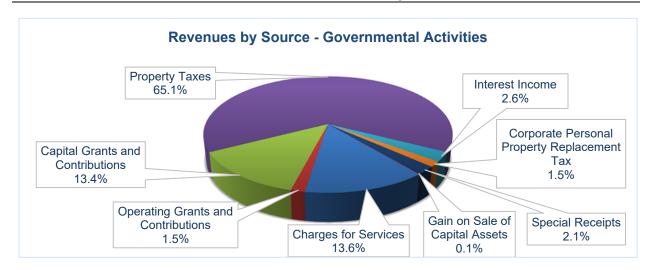
Change in Net Position (in thousands)

Table 2

	Governmer	ntal Acti	vities
	2020		2019
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,725.2	\$	3,305.2
Operating Grants and Contributions	307.0		252.9
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,677.1		101.9
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	13,044.4		12,588.9
Interest Income	524.4		534.4
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Tax	291.7		266.5
Special Receipts	422.6		480.8
Gain on Sales of Capital Assets	30.0		-
Total Revenues	20,022.4		17,530.6
Expenses:			
Culture and Recreation	13,813.7		13,537.3
Interest on Debt	116.4		127.3
Total Expenses	13,930.1		13,664.6
Change in Net Position	6,092.3		3,866.0
Beginning Net Position	 60,150.2		56,284.2
Ending Net Position	\$ 66,242.5	\$	60,150.2

Revenues:

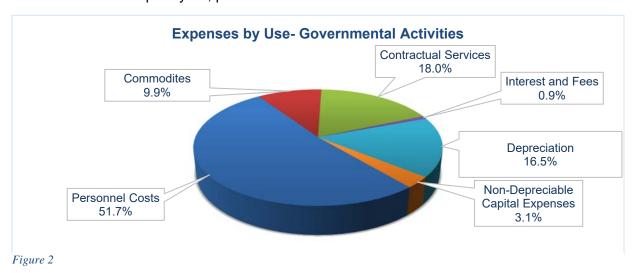
Revenues for the District are generated from multiple sources with the majority of the revenue derived from property taxes, as illustrated in the chart below. Property taxes account for 65% of the District's budget and is the primary source of consistent revenue. The District's charges for services come mainly from, but is not limited to, the District's recreation and cultural programs, including sports, membership fees and facility rentals, and the Virginia Theatre events.



Total revenues on the statement of activities increased 14.2% (\$2,491,834) from the prior year. Capital grants and contributions account for more than this increase as the Martens Center project schematic design phase was well underway. In addition, the Park District received \$1 million in pledges for this project to be paid over several years from two donors. General revenues increased 3.2% over the prior year. Property taxes increased more than this amount helping to offset the decrease in special receipts and interest income both of which were decreased due to the pandemic. Interest income decreased 1.9% from the prior year as the fed funds rate decreased five times during FY2020, ending at 0.25% in mid-March, effectively 0.0%.

Expenses:

Total expenses for FY20 increased 1.9% (\$265,409) over the prior year. The District continued to experience savings in interest on debt of 8.5% (\$10,868) as the principal portion is paid annually. Due to a change in accounting estimate, which decreased pension expense by \$585,843, total net pension expense increased \$98,734 over prior year. The current year personnel costs are 51.7% of total expenses compared to 49.3% the prior year. Depreciation expense also increased as a large number of projects had depreciation expense for the entire fiscal year from being placed in service late in the prior year, plus new additions in FY20 as further substantiated in Note 8.



THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,400,341. A portion of this amount, \$6,436,201, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Excluding non-spendable amounts, the actual amount of Fund Balance totals \$26,125,383. The total combined fund balance for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 is \$2.3 million higher than the prior year. The majority of this balance relates to capital projects that were budgeted for but not completed during the fiscal year, as well as savings in expenditures with the District being closed from mid-March through the end of April 2020 for COVID-19.

- The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance was \$6,603,170. Unassigned fund balance represents 162.9% of total General Fund expenditures (including both operating and capital expenditures). This excess meets the 120-day reserve balance and allows the Board of Commissioners flexibility to pay for future operating expenditures for minimum wage increases, as well as funding future capital projects.
- The Recreation Fund's fund balance increased \$788,324 to a total fund balance of \$4,610,005. This increase is larger than in a typical year as the impact of COVID-19 was a substantial hit to this fund. Total revenues decreased 4.3% (\$184,817) from prior year with the majority of revenues received in March and April subsequently refunded. The actual decrease in charges for services revenue was \$246,410 which was partially offset by a 2.8% (\$59,160) increase in property tax revenues for increases to EAV and CPI. Total expenditures decreased 5.5% (\$166,721) from prior year. Total full-time equivalents were down 3.4 from previous years and has been on a decline since FYE2017 as noted in Schedule 35. Part of the large decrease from prior year is due to vacancies throughout the year, as well as the lack of hiring at end of FY2020 due to the pandemic.
- Fund balance in the Museum Fund increased \$567,365 to a total fund balance of \$3,562,564. Total revenues decreased \$250,052 which was attributed to fee revenues. Total expenditures decreased \$382,947 from prior year mostly in contractual services as the events held at the Virginia Theatre beginning mid-March through end of fiscal year were suspended, some were rescheduled into FY2021 and then later moved into FY2022. Savings in contractual also occurred within janitorial services as the need for this greatly reduced with the cancellation of events.
- The Capital Improvement Fund's fund balance decreased \$367,137 to a total fund balance of \$2,348,047. This was a planned decrease to accommodate the renovation

work of the shop and operations facilities. There was also a one-time grant funded project at the Virginia Theatre for intelligent lighting that was included in revenues, as well as the sale of a parcel of land.

These four main funds have a total of over \$17.1 million dollars in fund balances, which is 64.9% of the District's total fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District staff develops a working budget prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. This working budget is based on District goals outlined in the most recent strategic plan, of what programs to fund, capital projects and purchases desired, program fee structures, estimates of State revenues and grants availability, historical operating expenditures and desired cash reserves and fund balance. The working budget is presented to the Board of Commissioners for approval. The District staff use this budget to guide operations throughout the fiscal year.

The legal spending limits of the District, as well as most municipal governments, are set by the appropriation budget. The appropriation budget is also developed by District staff taking into account the maximum acceptable spending for operations and other possible contingencies. The appropriation budget is passed via ordinance of the Board of Commissioners in accordance with State statues. The Board may vote to transfer appropriated amounts between departments or line items as needed during the year. But there are very few remedies, as described in State statue, if the total appropriation amount needs to be raised or lowered.

Total revenue in the General Fund exceeded both the original and final budget by \$64,157. The fed fund rate continued to decrease during the year, ending at nearly 0.0% by the end of the fiscal year, but this shortfall was offset by the increase in property tax revenues collected. Charges for services revenue exceeded budget as the flower island program revenues collected on previous year balances with an increase in the fee structure for this program. There was also an increase in easement revenues received, which fluctuate in any given year.

In the General Fund, the District spent \$488,190 less than the \$4.4 million final budget. Salaries/wages and fringe benefits account for approximately \$87,037 of the variance with personnel budgeted based on expectations for the upcoming season. Difficulty in hiring seasonal positions in operations attributed to this decrease as total full-time equivalents continued to be down as reflected on Schedule 35 in part due to hiring challenges as well as inability to hire staff during the shut-down and layoffs during COVID-19. Capital outlay represents ongoing and periodic maintenance projects that came in \$54,612 under budget with \$50,000 of this change for court replacement being deferred to FYE2021. Contractual services came in \$243,467 under budget with items delayed into the next fiscal year for professional services contracts entered into but carried over into FYE2021 for capital projects. Overall fund balance is well ahead of the targeted 120-day reserve level at year-end.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of April 30, 2020 amounts to \$41,944,947 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, infrastructure, and equipment. During FY20 the District completed playground replacements at

Noel and Morrissey Parks, installed intelligent lighting at the Virginia Theatre, replaced HVAC at Bresnan Meeting Center, Zahnd Park pathway and walking path at Heritage Lake, Shop expansion, and purchased land at Human Kinetics Park. Projects started but not completed include Heritage Lake stabilization project, Virginia Theatre roof replacement, design services for Bi-Centennial renovation, and design for Human Kinetics Park improvements. The following Comparative Statement of Capital Assets shows the change in assets for the governmental activities.

Comparative Statement of Capital Assets

Table 3

	Governmenta	al Activities
	2020	2019
Not Being Depreciated		
Land	\$ 8,370,533	\$ 7,987,517
Construction in Progress	1,196,488	775,274
Being Depreciated		
Land Improvements	\$ 15,651,534	\$ 15,552,680
Buildings & Improvements	36,133,202	33,303,959
Infrastructure	3,478,178	2,951,824
Equipment	6,127,640	5,783,834
Vehicles	1,767,644	1,754,114
	72,725,219	68,109,202
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 30,780,272	\$ 28,894,552

More detailed information on the capital assets can be found in Note 8 of the financial statements. Also refer to the transmittal letter for large capital projects completed during the current fiscal year.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had long-term debt outstanding of \$3,098,010, including \$2,475,000 of alternate revenue debt with a remaining five-year payback schedule with a \$460,000 principal payment on the 2013 Series due December 2020. The total long-term debt decreased by \$445,148 (12.6%) during the current fiscal year for reduction in alternate revenue bonds outstanding. While other post-employment benefits expense increased, it was offset by the decrease in accrued compensated absences as staff retired or left for other opportunities, and unamortized bond premiums. A decrease of \$9,651 in unamortized bond premiums leaving a balance of \$45,024 at year end. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 9 and 10 of this report.

Factors of Future Significance to the District

One of the most significant factors impacting the District in FY2021 is the effect the pandemic has already had or will continue to have on the District. It is projected that the overall loss in revenue is estimated at \$1.8 million and possibly more. The Virginia Theatre has shut down for all of FY2021, a decision made towards the end of the summer, and will focus on completing renovation projects currently underway. As of October, the majority of the facilities remain closed to the public except for Leonhard Recreation Center and Springer Cultural Center, which are both providing very limited programing.

The Federal Reserve System cut interest rates to nearly 0.0% in mid-March 2020. This will have a significant impact on interest earnings for next fiscal year, and possibly even longer. While many investments are laddered over multiple years at higher interest rate, as those mature, there are limited options for investing at higher yields at the present time. There will be a reduction in interest earnings over the next year, and possibly longer as the there is no mention by the feds to increase rates for quite some time.

With the District operating at a reduced capacity, staffing has also been greatly reduced for FY2021. While typically operating with nearly 600 employees during the summer, the District operated with roughly 145 employees during the summer of 2020. Approximately 130 part-time and seasonal staff were laid off at the end of April 2020, with a small fraction being hired back as the District slowly offers programming within the Illinois Department of Public Health guidelines surrounding the pandemic.

Property equalized assessed values (EAV), along with new construction, is leveling out within the District's boundaries. It is anticipated that future EAV may decline as a result of the pandemic and impact on operations of all businesses and individuals within the community as unemployment peaked at high of 10.9% at the end of April 2020, where normally the District is at roughly 3.5%.

The focus for budget year 2021 centers on the impact of the pandemic to operations, which for the first quarter of FY21 are minimal with exception of the operations department and some online activities that were created in the new fiscal year. Additional focus evolves around the priorities contained in the District's 2019-2022 Strategic Plan, capital projects that carried over from FY20 with many projects put on hold during the pandemic. Design of the Martens Center continues to be a primary focus in FY21 with a goal of groundbreaking to occur in early 2021. Much of the budget focus will be on the continued improvements to existing facilities, equipment of the District, starting the Martens Center capital project, and improvements in various parks. Staff also continue to research and apply for grant opportunities for capital project funding as available.

Minimum wage increases authorized by the State of Illinois were to have a significant impact to the District in July 2020; however, with the pandemic the number of staff impacted was greatly reduced, as previously mentioned. This signed legislation for a new minimum wage increase up to \$15.00/hour, which began January 1, 2020 continues with another increase on July 1, 2020, followed by annual \$1/hour increases until the rate reaches the \$15.00 minimum on January 1, 2025 (FY2025). As the District relies heavily on part-time staff to run the seasonal operations, planning has begun to explore options to minimizing this impact. In addition, plans are underway to determine the programming needs and resources to fund the new community center once it is complete, currently targeted for late 2021-2022.

There are currently no known contingencies that would force a major change in the District's budgeting, spending, or taxation.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances, and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Champaign Park District, 706 Kenwood Road, Champaign IL 61821.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Component
	Activities	Unit
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 21,428,509	\$ 338,493
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	1,662,803	-
Investments	5,784,184	4,691,948
Receivables:	10.761	201
Accounts Receivable	43,564	281
Pledges Receivable, Net of Discount	636,878	833,040
Grants Receivable	137,000	-
Intergovernmental	39,822	-
Due from Discretely Presented Component Unit	61,451	-
Prepaid Expenses	24,958	-
Net Pension Asset	1,024,377	-
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	9,567,021	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	22 277 026	
Total Assets	32,377,926	5,863,762
Total Assets	72,788,493	3,803,702
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	95,764	-
Deferred Amount Related to Pension	457,423	-
Deferred Amount Related to OPEB	15,666	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	568,853	
LIABILITIES		
Accrued Salaries Payable	221,184	_
Accounts Payable	652,667	860
Refund Liability	141,444	-
Accrued Interest	27,844	_
Unearned Revenue	581,965	_
Due to Discretely Presented Component Unit	1,290	_
Due to District	1,2,0	60,161
Short-Term Bond Payable	1,168,900	-
Non-Current Liabilities:	1,100,500	
Due Within One Year		
Long-Term Bonds	469,649	_
Accrued Compensated Absences	25,735	_
Due in More Than One Year	-,	
Long-Term Bonds	2,050,375	_
Accrued Compensated Absences	231,618	_
OPEB Liability	320,633	-
Total Liabilities	5,893,304	61,021
DEFENDED INELOWS OF DESCRIPCES		·
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Amount Related to Pension	1 212 100	
	1,213,109	-
Deferred Amount Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,427	·
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	1,221,536	·
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	39,476,579	-
Restricted For:		
Unspent Tax Levy Allocations	3,144,900	-
Capital Projects	1,145,567	-
Donor Restricted Purposes	161,249	5,717,342
Non-Expendable Permanent Fund	250,000	-
Unrestricted	22,064,211	85,399
Total Net Position	\$ 66,242,506	\$ 5,802,741

See Accompanying Notes

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				1	Ī	_		_
Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in	Net Position		Governmental	Activities		\$ (8,104,305)	(116,408)	(8 220 713)
		Capital	Grants and	Contributions		2,677,091		160 229 081
	.,					S		€.
	Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and	Contributions		307,034	1	307 034
	Progra	0	Ğ	Cor		S		€.
			Charges	for Services		2,725,226		\$ 9005010
			<u> </u>	for		S		
				Expenses		\$ (13,813,656)	(116,408)	\$ (13 930 064) \$
				!			ļ	
					Governmental Activities:	Culture and Recreation	Interest and Fees	Total Governmental Activities

General Revenues:	
Property Taxes	13,044,401
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Tax	291,721
Special Receipts	422,560
Gain on Sales of Capital Assets	29,975
Interest Income	524,375
Total General Revenues	14,313,032
Change in Net Position	6,092,319
Net Position - Beginning of Year	60,150,187
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 66,242,506

See Accompanying Notes

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Statement of Activities - Component Unit For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Without Donor			ith Donor		
	Res	strictions	R	estrictions	Total	
Support and Revenue						
Special Event Revenue	\$	8,745	\$	260,688	\$	269,433
Contributions		83,730		-		83,730
Contributions - In-Kind		17,680		-		17,680
Net Investment Income		490		12,746		13,236
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		805,634		(805,634)		-
Total Support and Revenue		916,279		(532,200)		384,079
Expenses						
Program Services:		800,571				800,571
Supporting Services:						
Management and General		20,367		-		20,367
Fundraising		94,993				94,993
Total Supporting Services		115,360				115,360
Total Expenses		915,931				915,931
Change in Net Assets		348		(532,200)		(531,852)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		85,051		6,249,542		6,334,593
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	85,399	\$	5,717,342	\$	5,802,741

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds April 30, 2020

	ī	or) Total	ntal Governmental	Funds		569 \$ 21,428,509		067 5,784,184		5,239 43,564	22,500 122,500	- 39,822	600 13,639,600	61,451 61,451	18,765 18,765	- 24,958	994 \$ 42,826,156
Ī	All Other	(Non-Major)	Governmental	Funds		\$ 8,652,569	1,662,803	335,067		5,	122,		3,132,600	61,	18,		\$ 13,990,994
	Capital	Improvements	and Repair	Fund		\$ 1,649,487	•	977,733		595	•	39,822	•	•	•	1	\$ 2,667,637
unds			Museum	Fund		\$ 3,422,561	•	259,158		•	•	•	1,746,400	•	•	6,540	\$ 5,434,659
Major Funds			Recreation	Fund		\$ 5,061,262	•	•			•	•	2,309,600	•		1,449	\$ 7,372,311
			General	Fund		\$ 2,642,630		4,212,226		37,730	•	•	6,451,000	•		16,969	\$ 13,360,555
					ASSETS	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	Investments	Receivables:	Accounts Receivable	Grants Receivable	Intergovernmental	Property Taxes	Due from Discretely Presented Component Unit	Due from Other Funds	Prepaid Expenses	Total Assets

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES

LIABILITIES												
Accrued Salaries Payable	\$	98,895	S	36,080	S	24,332	€	٠	↔	61,877	∽	221,184
Accounts Payable		124,048		44,430		21,409		319,590		143,190		652,667
Refund Liability		1		108,701		31,134		•		1,609		141,444
Due to Discretely Presented Component Unit		1		•		•		٠		1,290		1,290
Due to Other Funds		1		1		•		•		18,765		18,765
Short-Term Bond Payable		1		•		•		•		1,168,900		1,168,900
Unearned Revenue		83,442		263,495		48,820		٠		186,208		581,965
Total Liabilities		306,385		452,706		125,695		319,590		1,581,839		2,786,215
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Subsequent Year Property Taxes		6,451,000		2,309,600		1,746,400		1		3,132,600		13,639,600
FUND BALANCES												
Non-Spendable:												
Prepaid Items		16,969		1,449		6,540		•		•		24,958
Permanent Fund		1		ı		1		ı		250,000		250,000
Restricted		1		1		1		1		4,451,716		4,451,716
Committed		1		1		1		2,348,047		2,385,863		4,733,910
Assigned		150,000		4,608,556		3,556,024		1		2,188,976		10,503,556
Unassigned		6,436,201		•		•		•		•		6,436,201
Total Fund Balances		6,603,170		4,610,005		3,562,564		2,348,047		9,276,555		26,400,341
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	€	\$ 13,360,555		\$ 7,372,311		\$ 5,434,659	\$	\$ 2,667,637	⇔	\$ 13,990,994	↔	\$ 42,826,156

See Accompanying Notes

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 26,400,341
Pledges Receivable, Net of Discount	636,878
Grants Receivable	14,500
Remove Property Taxes Receivable Not Earned	(13,639,600)
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation Used in Governmental Activities	41,944,947
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	(27,844)
Net Pension Asset	1,024,377
Add Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred Charge on Refunding Pension Related OPEB Related	95,764 457,423 15,666
(Add) Remove Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related OPEB Related Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	(1,213,109) (8,427) 13,639,600
OPEB Liability	(320,633)
Bonds Payable	(2,475,000)
Unamortized Premium on Bonds	(45,024)
Accrued Compensated Absences Related to Governmental Activities	 (257,353)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 66,242,506

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				Major	Major Funds			į			
							Capital Improvements	All Other (Non-Major) Governmental	her ajor) nental	Total Governmental	al
Dougramon		General	Rec	Recreation	Mr	Museum	and Repair	Funds	S	Funds	
Nevenues Property Taxes	8	6,128,989	€	2,200,525	S	1,658,608	· ·	\$ 3,0	3,056,279	\$ 13,044,401	101
Intergovernmental Revenues		•		•		•	291,721			291,721	721
Charges for Services, Program Rentals, and Related Items		161,370		1,523,140		919,733	•		120,983	2,725,226	576
Contributions and Sponsorships		1,750		3,850		53,568	200,000	Ť	1,180,746	1,439,914	14
Grants		1		1		23,990	42,619		137,630	204,239	339
Interest Income		133,230		86,728		66,205	49,161	_	189,051	524,375	375
Special Receipts		26,053		246,886		47,765	77,634		23,945	422,283	583
I otal Kevenues		0,431,392		4,001,129		7,109,009	661,133	1,4,	4,/08,034	18,022,1	60
Expenditures											
Current: Culture and Recreation:											
Salaries and Wages		2.400.516		1.789.817		981.708	•	4	468.062	5.640.103	03
Fringe Benefits		380.043		150.205		104,756	•		702,717	1.337.721	72.1
Commodities		448,094		644,171		249,397	•		78,939	1,420,601	501
Contractual Services		608,300		283,712		586,643	10,337	7	714,454	2,203,446	46
Total Current		3,836,953		2,867,905		1,922,504	10,337		1,964,172	10,601,871	371
Capital Outlay		113,530		4,900		•	3,898,211	1,2	1,213,010	5,229,651	551
Debt Service:											
Principal		ı		1		•	•	4	445,000	445,000	000
Interest and Fees		1		1		1	•		109,783	109,783	783
Total Expenditures		3,950,483		2,872,805		1,922,504	3,908,548		3,731,965	16,386,305	305
Net Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,500,909		1,188,324		847,365	(3,247,413)		699,976	2,265,854	354
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							000 000 6		102 603 1	2003 6	5
Transfers In Transfers Out		(2.650.000)		(400.000)		(280.000)	2,880,000 (74,724)		1,092,024 (1.167.900)	4,5/2,624	524)
Sales of Capital Assets							75,000			75,000	000
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,650,000)		(400,000)		(280,000)	2,880,276		524,724	75,000	000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(149,091)		788,324		567,365	(367,137)		1,501,393	2,340,854	354
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		6,752,261		3,821,681		2,995,199	2,715,184		7,775,162	24,059,487	187
Fund Balance, End of Year	8	6,603,170	\$	4,610,005	S	3,562,564	\$ 2,348,047	8	9,276,555	\$ 26,400,341	141
								i			

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,340,854
Include Pledged Contributions	655,108
Include Grant Receivable Change	14,500
Remove Revenue from Sales of Capital Assets	(74,723)
Include Gain on Sales of Capital Assets	29,975
Remove Expenditures for Capital Assets, Less Net Retirements	4,334,081
Include Donated Capital Assets	670,364
Include Capital Asset Depreciation Expense	(2,247,631)
Pension Expense Adjustments	(63,562)
OPEB Expense Adjustments	(11,187)
Remove Expenditure for Bond Payment	445,000
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Change from Beginning of Year	5,006
Amortization of Premium on Bonds and Deferred Outflow of Resources - Deferred Charge on Refunding	(11,631)
Accrued Compensated Absences Change from Beginning of Year	6,165
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,092,319

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget General Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	(Buc	Actual lgetary Basis)	 Budget (Final)	 Budget (Original)	(.	Variance Actual - al Budget)
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	6,128,989	\$ 6,100,000	\$ 6,100,000	\$	28,989
Charges for Services, Program Rentals,						
and Related Items		161,370	120,831	120,831		40,539
Contributions and Sponsorships		1,750	3,680	3,680		(1,930)
Interest Income		133,230	145,350	145,350		(12,120)
Special Receipts		26,053	17,374	17,374		8,679
Total Revenues		6,451,392	 6,387,235	 6,387,235		64,157
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation:						
Salaries and Wages		2,400,516	2,487,553	2,486,959		(87,037)
Fringe Benefits		380,043	381,649	371,912		(1,606)
Commodities		448,094	549,562	551,020		(101,468)
Contractual Services		608,300	 851,767	 860,640		(243,467)
Total Current		3,836,953	4,270,531	4,270,531		(433,578)
Capital Outlay		113,530	 168,142	168,142		(54,612)
Total Expenditures		3,950,483	 4,438,673	 4,438,673		(488,190)
Net Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,500,909	 1,948,562	 1,948,562		552,347
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers Out		(2,650,000)	 (2,650,000)	 (2,650,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(149,091)	(701,438)	(701,438)		552,347
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		6,752,261	 6,752,261	 6,752,261		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	6,603,170	\$ 6,050,823	\$ 6,050,823	\$	552,347

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Recreation Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

Decrees	(Buc	Actual dgetary Basis)		Budget (Final)		Budget (Original)	(.	'ariance Actual - al Budget)
Revenues	¢.	2 200 525	d.	2 202 410	¢.	2 202 410	¢.	(1.005)
Property Taxes	\$	2,200,525	\$	2,202,410	\$	2,202,410	\$	(1,885)
Charges for Services, Program Rentals		1 522 140		1 010 021		1 010 021		(207, 701)
and Related Items		1,523,140		1,819,921		1,819,921		(296,781)
Contributions and Sponsorships		3,850		3,100		3,100		750
Interest Income		86,728		97,380		97,380		(10,652)
Special Receipts		246,886		226,540		226,540		20,346
Total Revenues		4,061,129		4,349,351		4,349,351		(288,222)
Expenditures Current: Culture and Recreation:								
		1 700 017		1 000 000		1 014 771		(110.162)
Salaries and Wages		1,789,817		1,908,980		1,914,771		(119,163)
Fringe Benefits		150,205		152,407		146,320		(2,202)
Commodities		644,171		802,660		800,465		(158,489)
Contractual Services		283,712		417,153		419,644		(133,441)
Total Current		2,867,905		3,281,200		3,281,200		(413,295)
Capital Outlay		4,900		10,000		10,000		(5,100)
Total Expenditures		2,872,805		3,291,200		3,291,200		(418,395)
Net Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,188,324		1,058,151		1,058,151		130,173
Other Financing Uses Transfers Out		(400,000)		(400,000)		(400,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		788,324		658,151		658,151		130,173
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,821,681		3,821,681		3,821,681		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	4,610,005	\$	4,479,832	\$	4,479,832	\$	130,173

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Museum Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	(Du)	Actual lgetary Basis)		Budget (Final)		Budget (Original)	(Variance Actual - al Budget)
Revenues	(Duc	igetaly Basis)		(Fillal)		(Original)	1.11	iai Buugei)
Property Taxes	\$	1,658,608	\$	1,672,703	\$	1,672,703	\$	(14,095)
Charges for Services, Program Rentals,	*	,,	•	, ,	•	, ,	•	()
and Related Items		919,733		1,178,811		1,178,811		(259,078)
Contributions and Sponsorships		53,568		49,080		49,080		4,488
Grants		23,990		14,000		14,000		9,990
Interest Income		66,205		72,290		72,290		(6,085)
Special Receipts		47,765		44,461		44,461		3,304
Total Revenues		2,769,869		3,031,345		3,031,345		(261,476)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Culture and Recreation:								
Salaries and Wages		981,708		1,055,202		1,025,986		(73,494)
Fringe Benefits		104,756		105,641		103,570		(885)
Commodities		249,397		336,716		337,473		(87,319)
Contractual Services		586,643		916,274		946,804		(329,631)
Total Current		1,922,504		2,413,833		2,413,833		(491,329)
Capital Outlay				-		-		
Total Expenditures		1,922,504		2,413,833	-	2,413,833		(491,329)
Net Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		847,365		617,512		617,512		229,853
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers Out		(280,000)		(280,000)		(280,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		567,365		337,512		337,512		229,853
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,995,199		2,995,199		2,995,199		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	3,562,564	\$	3,332,711	\$	3,332,711	\$	229,853

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund April 30, 2020

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 40,124
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to Affiliated Agencies	40,124
Total Liabilities	40,124
Net Position	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Champaign Park District (the District) are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments.

a. Financial Reporting Entity

The District was organized in November 1911 and was established as a separate unit of local government in 1955. The District is a municipal corporation which operates under the statutes of the State of Illinois. It is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected to six-year terms in biennial public elections. The District is composed of over 70 parks and facilities designed to help meet the leisure needs of the people in the Champaign, Illinois area.

The definition of what constitutes the entity of the District is based on the guidelines set forth in GASB Statement Number 14, as amended by GASB Statement 61. The primary government of the District consists of the funds presented herein as governmental funds and an agency fund.

According to GASB Statement Number 14, as amended by Statement Number 61, a legally separate organization should be included as a component unit of the primary government if the primary government is financially accountable for the legally separate organization. Financial accountability is determined as follows:

- 1. The organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, or
- 2. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body, and:
 - It is able to impose its will on the organization, or
 - There is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the financial reporting entity of the District, including the Champaign Parks Foundation (the Foundation), a discretely presented component unit. The Foundation is a discretely presented component unit because the resources received and held by

the Foundation are entirely for the direct benefit of the District, the District has the ability to access those resources, and those resources are significant to the District.

The assets, liabilities, net assets, revenue, and expenses of the Foundation are included in the basic financial statements presented in Exhibits A and C. There are no other entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be materially misstated or incomplete. The Foundation issues publicly available financial statements, which may be obtained by contacting the Champaign Parks Foundation, 706 Kenwood Road, Champaign, Illinois 61821-4112.

Related organizations for which the Board of Commissioners appoint a voting majority of the governing body, but for which the District is not financially accountable, are not included in the reporting entity.

Jointly governed organizations are those for which the District does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. Jointly governed organizations are not included in the reporting entity.

b. Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. They include all funds of the District and the discretely presented component unit, except the District's Agency Fund. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the governmental activities and the discretely presented component unit. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other exchange and non-exchange revenues. Internal balances and activities within the District's funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Activities between the District's primary government and the discretely presented component unit are not eliminated.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures. The District's funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures of that individual fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.
- 2. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures of that individual fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The District also may report certain funds as major, based on their importance to financial statement users.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The fiduciary fund financial statement is reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The fund types of the District are described below:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net change in fund balance. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity of the District includes the following special revenue funds:

1. Major Special Revenue Funds

Recreation Fund – Property taxes levied for this fund along with fees from participants provide the funds necessary to pay for recreational programs.

Museum Fund – Property taxes levied for this fund along with fees from patrons provide the funds to acquire, maintain, improve, and operate the museum facilities and programs including activities related to the cultural arts, nature, zoos, and arts and crafts.

2. Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The District's non-major special revenue funds include: Liability Insurance Fund, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), Audit Fund, Social Security Fund, Special Recreation Fund, Police Protection Fund, and Special Donation Fund.

Debt Service Funds – Debt Service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest. The reporting entity includes one debt service fund, which is the Bond Amortization/Debt Service Fund. This is a nonmajor governmental fund.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The reporting entity includes seven capital projects funds, the Capital Improvements and Repair Fund, a major governmental fund, and six non-major governmental funds, the Paving and Lighting Fund, the Land Acquisition Fund, the Park Development Fund, the Trails and Pathways Fund, the Bond Proceeds Fund, and the Martens Center Fund.

Permanent Funds – Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used to support the District's programs. The District has one permanent fund, the Working Cash Fund, which is a nonmajor fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The District has one fiduciary fund, the Activity and Affiliates Fund, which provides administration for the funds from recreation centers, senior citizen programs, adopt-a-park groups, and District co-sponsored affiliate programs.

c. Basis of Accounting

Accrual

Both governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statement are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized when it becomes both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measured and available only when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers receipts within 60 days of year-end to be available, with the exception of property taxes. Property taxes are recognized in the year in which they are intended to finance. Expenditures generally are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting

when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when payment is due.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits at financial institutions, certificates of deposit with maturities less than three months, and funds held in money market mutual funds or similar pooled investments such as the Illinois Park District Liquid Assets Fund, the Illinois Funds, and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

e. Investments

Under Illinois law (30 ILCS 235/2), the District may invest excess funds in interest bearing deposits at federally insured banks and savings and loans, commercial paper, short-term discount obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, and securities issued by the U.S. Treasury or other federal agencies. Certificates of deposit with maturities greater than three months are also considered investments.

f. Receivables

Receivables are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from third-party payers and others for services rendered. Receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect on outstanding balances. At April 30, 2020, only the property tax receivable had an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is discussed at Note 7.

g. Interfund Balances

Short-term receivables and payables between funds are reported as due from and due to other funds, respectively. Noncurrent amounts are reported as advances to/from other funds. In governmental funds, advances to other funds, as well as other long-term receivables, are offset by non-spendable fund balance because they do not represent expendable, available financial resources.

h. Prepaid Expenditures/Expenses

Prepaid expenditures/expenses, such as for insurance or service contracts, are expended/expensed over the term when the services are received.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased for use in governmental activities are recorded as expenditures in governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase. Capital assets of governmental activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements offset by accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are valued at actual or estimated historical cost, while donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items should be reported at their acquisition value on the date donated. Equipment valued at or above \$10,000, buildings and improvements valued at or

above \$20,000, land improvements and infrastructure valued at or above \$20,000, and land of any value are capitalized. Assets that appreciate in value are capitalized if valued at more than \$10,000. Depreciation is calculated on all assets other than land and assets that appreciate in value using the straight-line method, mid-year convention with the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Building Improvements	15
New Construction	40
Land Improvements	15
Computers and Office Equipment	5
Infrastructure:	
Roads and Paved Surfaces	15
Bridges	50
Furniture	7
Other Equipment	5
Major Appliances	7
Playground Equipment	12
Vehicles	5

j. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has only three types of items that qualifies for reporting in this category at April 30, 2020, which arises only under the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, these items, pension related deferred outflow, OPEB related deferred outflow, and deferred charge on refunding, are reported only in the governmental activities statement of net position. The deferred charge on refunding represents the excess of cash paid to the refunded bond escrow agent over the amount of refunded principal payments. The amount is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the life of the refunding debt. The District also has deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB expense to be recognized in future periods.

The financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category at April 30, 2020, one of which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and two of which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable property tax revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet and the items pension related deferred inflow and OPEB related deferred inflow are reported only in the statement of net position. The unavailable revenue from property taxes is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period that the

property taxes become are meant to finance and are available. The District also has deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB expense to be recognized in future periods.

k. Fund Balance

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-Spendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the District charter, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a resolution by the Board of Commissioners

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the Board of Commissioners' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Commissioners itself or (b) a body or official to which the Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Commissioners, which is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose through its appropriations power

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications (the General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Commissioners has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

1. Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position includes assets that are not available to finance general operations of the District and are reported as restricted on the statement of net position. The District's policy is to apply restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for a purpose for which restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

m. Program Revenues

Program Revenues on the statement of activities include the following:

Governmental Activities

Charges for Services Fees paid by the public for the use of District

facilities, District programs, and miscellaneous food

and beverage vending

Operating Grants and

Contributions

Funding used to support culture and recreation programs

Capital Grants and

Funding used to construct facilities and develop properties owned

Contributions by the District

n. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay sick leave amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

o. In-Kind Contributions

Contributions of facilities and services are recognized by the District if the benefit received (a) creates or enhances nonfinancial assets or (b) requires specialized skills, provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased by the District if not provided by donation.

p. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The significant estimates at April 30, 2020 include the allowance for uncollectible property taxes, the estimate of the useful lives of property and equipment, the valuation of the liability for pensions, and the valuation of the liability for postemployment health insurance benefits.

q. Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standard

In March 2018, the GASB issued GASB Statement 88 (GASB 88), *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Borrowings and Direct Placements*. The provisions of GASB 88 improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to the governmental financial statements related to debt. The District adopted this standard and the accounting change was applied effective May 1, 2019. The adoption of this standard did not impact beginning net position as of May 1, 2019.

2. Reconciliation of Fund Statements to Government-Wide Statements

A reconciliation is provided with the balance sheet – governmental funds (Exhibit D-1) to explain the differences between total fund balances in the balance sheet – governmental funds and net position for governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position. The major differences are due to:

- a. Property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue for the amount of the 2019 tax levy that will be received and recorded as revenue in the next fiscal year.
- b. Pledges receivable, net of discount, and grants receivable that were earned, but not received and were not reported in the governmental funds.
- c. The value of capital assets, which are not reported in governmental funds.
- d. Accrued interest on debt, which will be paid during the next fiscal year.
- e. Net pension asset and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.
- f. The value of long-term liabilities, including premiums on bond issues, which are not reported in governmental funds.
- g. Unamortized deferred charge on refunding not reported in governmental funds.
- h. Accrued compensated absences not reported in governmental funds.
- i. Total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

A reconciliation is provided with the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – governmental funds (Exhibit E-1) to explain the difference between the change in fund balances in the governmental funds and the change in net position for governmental activities on the government-wide statement of activities. The major differences are due to:

a. Capital outlay expenditures are not reported in the statement of activities, while donated capital assets, depreciation expense, and gains/losses on disposal of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds.

- b. The change in net pension liability, and related deferred inflows and outflows, does not impact governmental fund expense, while it impacts expense on the statement of activities.
- c. Long-term bond proceeds are not revenue and bond payments (including bond refunding payments) are not expense on the statement of activities and the change in accrued interest on long-term bonds does not impact governmental fund expenditures.
- d. The changes in accrued grant revenue and pledged contribution receivable do not impact governmental fund revenue, while it impacts revenue on the statement of activities.
- e. The change in accrued compensated absences is not a governmental fund expenditure, while it is an expense on the statement of activities.
- f. The change in OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources does not impact governmental fund expense, while it impacts expense on the statement of activities.
- g. The amortization of deferred charge on refunding and the bond premium does not impact governmental fund expense, while it impacts expense on the statement of activities.

3. Budgets and Budgetary Basis of Accounting

a. Budgetary Process

A proposed budget and appropriations ordinance is developed and made available for public hearing at least 30 days prior to final approval. Upon approval, the Board of Commissioners of the District legally enact an annual operating budget through passage of an ordinance. The appropriations ordinance is prepared by fund, expenditure object (i.e. salary and wages), and expenditure sub-object (i.e. salary and wages – full-time personnel).

b. Legal Level of Budgetary Control

The budget is prepared by fund, department, program activity, object, and sub-object. The District's management may make transfers of budgeted amounts up to and including the department level. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The budgetary expenditure comparisons in the basic financial statements are presented at the fund level with summarizations at the object level (i.e., salary and wages, fringe benefits, commodities, and contractual services). The District did not have any funds with expenditures over budget for the year ended April 30, 2020.

c. Amendments to the Budget

Throughout the year, the Board of Commissioners can make amendments within each fund, not to exceed an aggregate of 10 percent of the total appropriated amount of that

fund. Likewise, after the first six months of the fiscal year have elapsed, the Board of Commissioners may, by two-thirds vote, transfer from any appropriation item, its anticipated unexpended funds to any other item of appropriation. The budgeted financial statements represented in this report reflect the final budget authorization. All budget appropriations, including project budgets, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

d. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all funds of the District, and legal budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service fund, and agency funds. Budgets are adopted on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. The modified cash basis used as the budgetary basis provides for the accrual of expenses (accounts payable and accrued salaries) and recognition of revenue consistent with the modified accrual basis. Revenues are cash basis, which essentially equals the modified accrual basis used by the District due to the zero-day availability period used by the District.

e. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is not used by the District.

4. Deposits, Investments, and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted

At April 30, 2020, the District's governmental activities hold \$1,662,803 of cash and cash equivalents restricted for capital projects.

Custodial Credit Risk - Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's bank deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy addresses custodial credit risk by requiring that all deposits in excess of federal depository insurance are to be collateralized by a pledge of securities from the depository bank at 105 percent of the uninsured amount. At April 30, 2020, the District had bank deposits, including nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, with a bank balance of \$6,727,493, which were covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance or were collateralized by securities pledged by the District's main depository bank, effectively held in the District's name.

Investments and Cash Equivalents

At April 30, 2020, the District held the following investments and cash equivalents:

Investments:	
Certificates of Deposit - Non-Negotiable	\$ 5,784,184
Cash Equivalents:	
Illinois Funds	20,712,677
Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund	1,126,692
Money Market Accounts - Held at Banks	943,311
IMET	348,756
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,915,620

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 unobservable inputs market data are not available and are developed using the the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset.

The fair value of an asset's measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The District has the following fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020:

				F	air Value N	Aeasurer	nent	
	Tota	al	Lev	vel 1	Lev	el 2	Le	evel 3
Investments and Cash Equivalents								
Subject to Measurement								
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Not Subject to Measurement								
Illinois Funds	20,71	2,677						
Certificates of Deposit								
(Non-Negotiable)	5,78	4,184						
Illinois Park District Liquid								
Asset Fund	1,12	6,692						
Money Market Accounts	94	3,311						
IMET	34	8,756						
Total Investments and								
Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,91	5,620						

Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk – External Investment Pools

At April 30, 2020, the District held \$20,712,677 in the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund. The value of the District's position in the fund is equal to the value of the District's fund shares. The portfolio is regulated by oversight of the Treasurer of the State of Illinois and private rating agencies. The portfolio has a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. The assets of the fund are mainly invested in securities issued by the United States government or agencies related to the United States. Assets of the fund not invested in United States government securities are fully collateralized by pledged securities. The time to maturity of the investments in this external investment pool averages less than one year. The District has no restrictions on withdrawing funds from this external investment pool.

At April 30, 2020, the District held \$1,126,692 in the Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund. The value of the District's position in the Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund is equal to the value of the District's fund shares. The Illinois Park District Liquid Asset Fund is regulated by private rating agencies. The fund has a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. The assets of this fund are mainly invested in securities issued by the United States government or agencies related to the United States. Generally, assets not invested in United States government securities are fully collateralized by pledged securities. The time to maturity of the investments in this external investment pool averages less than one year. The District has no restrictions on withdrawing funds from this external investment pool.

At April 30, 2020, the District held \$348,756 in the IMET Convenience Fund. This fund is regulated by private agencies. The fair value of the District's position in the IMET Convenience Fund is equal to the value of the District's fund shares. The IMET Convenience Fund is comprised of bank deposits and government securities. The bank deposits are FDIC insured, collateralized by Federal Home Loan Bank letter of credit program, or collateralized by government securities at a margin of 105%. The time to maturity of the investments in this external investment pool averages less than one year. The District has no restrictions on withdrawing funds from this external investment pool.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments and Cash Equivalents

At April 30, 2020, the District had no investments or cash equivalents subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk – Investments and Cash Equivalents

Credit Risk is the risk that the issuer of a bond or note security will not repay the principal or pay the interest due on the debt. The credit risk of investments is addressed by the District's investment policy by limiting investments to: 1) debt issued by the U.S. Government and its direct agencies, 2) short-term obligations of U.S. corporations with assets exceeding \$500,000,000, credit ratings within the three highest levels of two standard rating services, and maturities no later than 180 days from purchase, and 3) money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

At April 30, 2020, the District had no investments or cash equivalents subject to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments and Cash Equivalents

Interest rate risk is the risk that a change in the market rate of interest for a category of debt securities will negatively impact the market value of a debt security. Interest rate risk is not directly addressed by the District's investment policy other than the policy's general guidelines to "remain sufficiently liquid" and "achieve market yields."

At April 30, 2020, the District had \$880,630 in money market accounts subject to interest rate risk. The weighted average maturity of assets in these money market accounts was less than one year at April 30, 2020.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments and Cash Equivalents

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of having a large percentage (over 5 percent) of investments in debt securities of an issuer that is not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. The District's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by "Limiting investments to avoid overconcentration in securities from a specific issuer or business section."

At April 30, 2020, the District held 49 percent of its investments in certificates of deposit issued by one bank. As noted above in the *Custodial Credit Risk - Bank Deposits* section of this note disclosure, the District's bank deposits are fully insured or collateralized at April 30, 2020.

5. Pledges Receivable

Pledges receivable at April 30, 2020 includes contribution pledges made to the District for the construction of the Martens Center by private entities totaling \$650,000 with a discount of \$13,122, calculated using an interest rate of 2.27 percent, for the scheduled payments to be made in Fiscal Year 2021 of \$350,000 and Fiscal Years 2022 through 2024 of \$100,000 annually.

6. Property Tax Cycle

a. Assessments

Property is assessed by elected township assessors at one-third the fair value as of January 1 each year. This is the date, called the lien date, on which property taxes "attach" to the property. The township assessors' books are turned into the County Supervisor of Assessments by April 15. The Board of Review, a three-member panel appointed by the County Board of Commissioners, takes action on assessment complaints and applies individual township multipliers to those townships, which are not assessed at one-third. This process equalizes the average ratio of assessments to market value among townships. The Illinois Department of Revenue analyzes the work of the Board of Review and may assign a countywide multiplier to bring the entire County's ratio into line with other counties throughout the state.

b. Taxpayer Appeals

Taxpayers may file a complaint with the Board of Review if they believe assessments are too high and may make further appeal to the state Property Tax Appeals Board. However, tax levies are determined by local governments, not by assessors.

c. Property Tax Levies

The calendar 2018 levy, passed in November 2018, is revenue for fiscal year 2020. The levy was adopted within the Illinois statutory deadline (the third Tuesday in December). Property tax levies are reported as revenue in the year in which they are received and intended to fund. Property tax distributions received as of the end of the fiscal year are recognized in that fiscal year as revenue in the governmental funds.

Fiscal year 2020 property tax revenue on the statement of activities and on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances on the modified accrual basis consists of the property tax received during fiscal year 2020 from the calendar 2018 levy.

d. Tax Bills

Illinois statutes require the payment of property taxes in two installments, typically due June 1 and September 1, and require that tax bills be mailed 30 days prior to the first installment. Property tax bills mailed for fiscal year 2020 were based on equalized assessed value as of January 1, 2019 and on tax levies set in November 2018.

e. Tax Distributions

The County Treasurer is also the County Collector and is in charge of collecting and distributing property taxes. The Collector generally distributes taxes to the taxing bodies shortly after taxes are paid. The County may not keep tax receipts on behalf of other units of local government beyond 30 days. In 2019, all property taxes were distributed by November 2019. Interest earned on taxes before distribution goes to the local governments.

7. Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes receivable for the governmental funds consists of property taxes levied in calendar year 2019, for which a legal claim exists in 2020. The revenue associated with the 2019 levy will be recognized in the year it is intended to finance, which is fiscal year 2021.

A summary of property taxes receivable by fund type at April 30, 2020 is shown below:

		Property		Pro	operty Taxes		1	Unavailable
Fund Type	Ta	axes Levied	_	I	Receivable			Revenue
General	\$	6,473,377		\$	6,451,000	-	\$	6,451,000
Special Revenue		5,917,758			5,897,300			5,897,300
Debt Service		1,200,676			1,196,500			1,196,500
Capital Projects		95,141			94,800			94,800
Total	\$	13,686,952	_	\$	13,639,600		\$	13,639,600

Based on past collection experience, the District has applied an allowance for doubtful collections against the property taxes receivable of \$47,904 at April 30, 2020.

8. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets of the governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2020:

	April 30, 2019	Additions	Deductions	April 30, 2020
Cost:				
Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	\$ 15,552,680	\$ 270,252	\$ (171,398)	\$ 15,651,534
Buildings and				
Improvements	33,303,959	2,924,192	(94,949)	36,133,202
Infrastructure	2,951,824	526,354	-	3,478,178
Equipment	5,783,834	457,887	(114,081)	6,127,640
Vehicles	1,754,114	27,760	(14,230)	1,767,644
Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	7,987,517	395,016	(12,000)	8,370,533
Construction in Progress	775,274	1,014,465	(593,251)	1,196,488
Total	68,109,202	5,615,926	(999,909)	72,725,219
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	10,575,334	665,098	(138,650)	11,101,782
Buildings and			, ,	
Improvements	11,349,426	888,709	(94,949)	12,143,186
Infrastructure	1,459,865	203,619	-	1,663,484
Equipment	4,200,466	349,285	(114,081)	4,435,670
Vehicles	1,309,461	140,919	(14,230)	1,436,150
Total	28,894,552	2,247,630	(361,910)	30,780,272
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 39,214,650	\$ 3,368,296	\$ (637,999)	\$ 41,944,947
Current year depreciation expense Culture and Recreation	was charged to the	following function:		\$ 2,247,631

9. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue for governmental activities on the statement of net position and for governmental funds on the balance sheet—governmental funds consists of the following at April 30, 2020:

Unearned Grant Revenue	\$ 184,870
Unearned Program Fees	397,095
Total	\$ 581,965

10. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the District's long-term debt of the governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2020:

	April 30,			April 30,	D	ue Within
	2019	Issued	 Retired	2020		ne Year
2013 Alternate						
Revenue Bonds	\$2,920,000	\$ -	\$ 445,000	\$2,475,000	\$	460,000
Unamortized Bond						
Premiums	54,675	-	9,651	45,024		9,649
Accrued Compensated						
Absences	263,517	221,751	227,915	257,353		25,735
Net Pension Liability	297,077	285,259	582,336	-		-
Other Post-Employment						
Benefit Liability	304,966	32,411	16,744	320,633		-
Total Long-Term						
Debt	\$3,840,235	\$ 539,421	\$ 1,281,646	\$3,098,010	\$	495,384

In fiscal year 2020 and prior years, accrued compensated absences have been liquidated by the General Fund, the Recreation Fund, the Museum Fund, the Liability Insurance Fund, and the Special Recreation Fund. These same funds make payments for OPEB benefits. The pension liability is liquidated using the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

11. Alternate Revenue Bonds and General Obligation

Series 2013 Alternate Revenue Bonds

Only July 2, 2013, the District issued \$4,670,000 of general obligation bonds (alternate revenue source). The proceeds of the bond issue were used to advance refund Series 2005 bonds, which were scheduled to mature on and after December 15, 2015.

These bonds mature serially on December 15 of each of the calendar years 2013 to 2024 in amounts ranging from \$45,000 to \$525,000 and bear interest ranging from 2.0 percent to 3.0 percent payable June 15 and December 15 annually. Bonds maturing on and after December 15, 2022, are subject to early redemption as of December 15, 2021, at the District's discretion. These bonds are to be repaid from the revenue generated by the

District's aquatic center, which is included in the activities of the Recreation Fund. However, the bond ordinance created an annual tax levy sufficient to repay the principal and interest through 2024 if the revenue of the aquatic center is insufficient to repay the debt. This levy was abated for fiscal year 2020. The District is currently using funds from the annual general obligation bond issue to repay the principal and interest.

The advance refund resulted in expense that is capitalized on the statement of net position as deferred outflow of resources deferred charged on refunding. The balance at April 30, 2020 was \$95,764, which is being amortized through fiscal year 2025 in annual amounts of \$21,282 through fiscal year 2024 and \$10,636 in fiscal year 2025.

Aggregate future principal maturities and interest payments required on these bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	D : : 1	T. d.	T 4 1
April 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 460,000	\$ 74,250	\$ 534,250
2022	480,000	60,450	540,450
2023	495,000	46,050	541,050
2024	515,000	31,200	546,200
2025	525,000	15,750	540,750
Total	\$ 2,475,000	\$ 227,700	\$ 2,702,700

The District has pledged future revenue from the Sholem Aquatic Center as a source of funding for the repayment of these bonds. Principal and interest on the bonds are payable through fiscal year 2025 and it is management's intention to use funds from the annual general obligation bond issue to make all debt payments rather than the pledged revenue. Annual principal and interest on the bonds would require an amount greater than the expected revenue from the operation of the Sholem Aquatic Center; however, the debt service will utilize approximately 50% of the proceeds of the general obligation bond issued.

Principal and interest paid for fiscal year 2020 was \$445,000 and \$87,600, respectively. The Sholem Aquatic Center's revenue totaled \$327,908 for the fiscal year 2020. The proceeds from the general obligation bond issued in fiscal year 2020 were \$1,168,900. At April 30, 2020, pledged future revenues totaled \$2,702,700, which was the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the bonds.

The 2013 bond ordinance calls for a funded reserve to pay principal and interest. The bond fund reserve requires the next principal and interest payment amounts to be set aside by each December 1, but requires no specific monthly set aside amount before that date. At April 30, 2020, the required balance in this reserve of \$-0- was held in the reserve.

General Obligation Bonds

On December 3, 2018, the District issued \$1,147,100 of general obligation bonds (limited tax) to defray the costs associated with various capital projects and for paying the principal and interest on the District's alternate revenue bonds. The registrar and paying

agent is Commerce Bank for this bond issue, which is known as the General Obligation (Limited Tax) Park Bond, Series 2018. These bonds matured November 30, 2019 and had interest of 2.30 percent. The bond principal of \$1,147,100 and interest of \$26,163 was paid from property taxes levied specifically for this bond repayment.

On December 2, 2019, the District issued \$1,168,900 of general obligation bonds (limited tax) to defray the costs associated with various capital projects and for paying the principal and interest on the District's alternate revenue bonds. The registrar and paying agent is Hickory Point Bank for this bond issue, which is known as the General Obligation (Limited Tax) Park Bond, Series 2019. These bonds mature November 30, 2020. And had interest of 1.50 percent. The bond principal of \$1,168,900 and interest of \$17,534 will be paid from property taxes levied specifically for this bond repayment.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's short-term debt of the governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2020:

	April 30,			April 30,
	2019	Issued	Retired	2020
General Obligation				
Bonds	\$1,147,100	\$1,168,900	\$1,147,100	\$1,168,900

12. Legal Debt Margin

At April 30, 2020, the estimated legal debt margin was determined as follows:

Assessed Valuation (Tax Year 2019)	\$1,951,631,434		
Statutory Debt Limitation (2.875 Percent of Assessed Valuation)	\$	56,109,404	
Total General Obligation Bond Indebtedness at April 30, 2020		(1,168,900)	
Legal Debt Margin	\$	54,940,504	

13. Restricted Net Position

At April 30, 2020, the District has restricted net position that is restricted due to enabling legislation and other allowable restrictions as follows:

Unspent Tax Levy Allocations for:	
Special Recreation Expenditures	\$ 2,025,593
Liability Insurance Expenditures	514,848
Employee Benefits:	
IMRF Expenditures	402,246
Social Security Expenditures	113,737
Professional Contractual Services:	
Police Protection Expenditures	73,741
Audit Expenditures	14,735
Total	\$ 3,144,900

The District also has restricted net position at April 30, 2020 for the following purposes:

Scholarships	\$ 161,249
Capital Projects Costs:	
Martens Center Construction	\$ 471,893
Other Capital Projects	673,674
Total	\$ 1,145,567
Other:	
Nonexpendable, Permanent Funding	\$ 250,000

14. Non-Spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Deficit Fund Balance

Non-Spendable, Restricted, Committed, and Assigned

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non-spendable, restrictions of, commitments of, and assignments of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation, are restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, are committed for a specific purpose by an action of the Board of Commissioners or are assigned by the Board of Commissioners' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed, respectively. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Commissioners itself or (b) a body or official to which the Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. As of April 30, 2020, such fund balances are composed of the following:

	General		Other Major Governmental		Non-Major Governmental		Total Governmental	
	,	Fund	Funds		Funds		Funds	
Non-Spendable								
Prepaid Items	\$	16,969	\$	7,989	\$	-	\$	24,958
Permanent Fund						250,000		250,000
		16,969		7,989		250,000		274,958
Restricted:						_		
Tax Levy Expenditures		-		-		3,144,900		3,144,900
Capital Projects		-		-		1,145,567		1,145,567
Scholarships				-		161,249		161,249
		-		-		4,451,716		4,451,716
Committed:						_		
Capital Projects		-	2	2,348,047		1,389,167		3,737,214
Debt Service		-		-		16,753		16,753
Land Acquisition				-		979,943		979,943
		-	2	2,348,047		2,385,863		4,733,910
Assigned:								
Culture and Recreation		-	8	3,164,580		-		8,164,580
Capital Projects		150,000		-		2,188,976		2,338,976
		150,000	8	3,164,580		2,188,976		10,503,556
Total	\$	166,969	\$ 10),520,616	\$	9,276,555	\$	19,964,140

Deficit Fund Equity

As of April 30, 2020, no funds had a deficit fund balance.

15. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

As of April 30, 2020, the Special Recreation Fund owed \$5,504 to the IMRF Fund and \$13,261 to the Social Security Fund. These interfund balances resulted from short timing differences in benefit payments and reimbursements.

Interfund transfers made during the year ended April 30, 2020 are summarized below:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Major Funds:				_
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,650,000
Recreation Fund		-		400,000
Museum Fund		-		280,000
Capital Improvements and Repair Fund		2,880,000		74,724
Total Major Funds	2,880,000			3,404,724
Nonmajor Funds:				
Land Acquisition Fund		174,724		-
Martens Center Fund		150,000		-
Park Development Fund		100,000		-
Trail and Pathways Fund		100,000		-
Bond Amortization/Debt Service Fund		-		1,167,900
Bond Proceeds Fund		1,167,900		-
Total Nonmajor Funds		1,692,624		1,167,900
Total	\$	4,572,624	\$	4,572,624

The transfer from the Bond Amortizaton/Debt Service Fund into the Bond Proceeds Fund was related to the redemption payment and related interest of the 2018 general obligation bonds. The transfers from the General Fund, Recreation Fund, Museum Fund, and the Capital Improvements and Repair Fund to the Land Acquisition Fund, Martens Center Fund, Capital Improvements and Repair Fund, Park Development Fund, and Trails and Pathways Fund were to support that fund's future capital projects as deemed appropriate by the Board of Commissioners.

16. Special Recreation Association

The District has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Urbana Park District to provide cooperative recreational programs and other activities for handicapped and impaired individuals. The District received \$227,953 from Urbana Park District this fiscal year. This joint program is accounted for as a shared service and is recorded in the Special Recreation Fund, a Special Revenue fund of the District.

17. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

IMRF Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan, an agent multi-employer plan, for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive

Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members, including the District, participate in the Regular Plan (RP). IMRF also offers the Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs, as well as Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participation after that date). The District participates in the Regular Plan only.

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired with an IMRF employer in a qualifying position before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1.67 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3 percent of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired with an IMRF employer in a qualifying position on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1.67 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of: 3 percent of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

There have been no changes in benefits between measurement dates.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	61
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	121
Active Plan Members	105
Total	287

Contributions

As set by statute, the District's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar years 2020 and 2019 was 5.30 percent and 5.73 percent, respectively. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the District contributed \$221,697 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability as of December 31, 2019:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Aggregate Entry Age Normal
- The Asset Valuation Method used was market value of assets
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.50 percent
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.35 to 14.25 percent, including inflation
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25 percent
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives
- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates

- were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percent and adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	37%	5.75%
International Equity	18%	6.50%
Fixed Income	28%	3.25%
Real Estate	9%	5.20%
Alternative Investments	7%	3.60 - 7.60%
Cash Equivalents	1%	1.85%
Total	100%	

There was no change to the investment rate of return assumption between the measurement dates.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. A long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25 percent, the municipal bond rate is 2.75 percent, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 18,427,157	\$ 18,130,080	\$ 297,077
Change in December 31, 2018 Estimates	40,041	(85,510)	125,551
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	395,943	-	395,943
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,327,024	-	1,327,024
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(155,603)	-	(155,603)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	233,243	(233,243)
Contributions - Employees	-	183,290	(183,290)
Net Investment Income	-	3,327,707	(3,327,707)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(722,793)	(722,793)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		(729,871)	729,871
Net Changes	884,612	2,206,066	(1,321,454)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 19,311,769	\$ 20,336,146	\$ (1,024,377)

Change in December 31, 2018 Estimates

The District has changed its source for the estimated amounts that are included in the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflow of resources related to pension, and deferred inflows related to pension calculations during the year ended April 30, 2020. The District will now use all estimated amounts reported by the annual actuarial report. This source is considered preferable to the previous combination of the annual actuarial report and the audited schedule of changes in fiduciary net position of IMRF. The change in estimate decreased pension expense for the year ended April 30, 2020 by \$585,843, including an increase \$40,041 related to total pension liability, an increase of \$85,510 related to plan fiduciary net position, and a decrease of \$711,394 related to deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability calculated using a Single Discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher:

	1% Decrease 6.25%	Current Discount 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%
Total Pension Liability	\$ 21,878,277	\$ 19,311,769	\$ 17,215,705
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	20,336,146	20,336,146	20,336,146
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,542,131	\$ (1,024,377)	\$ (3,120,441)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflow of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$285,259, which includes the decrease in expense of \$585,843 for the change in estimate noted above.

At April 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Years	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources	(I	et Deferred Outflows/ nflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	93,629	\$	157,181	\$	(63,552)
Changes in assumptions		287,758		168,924		118,834
Net difference between projected and actual Earnings on pension plan investments		<u>-</u>		887,004		(887,004)
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in Pension expense in future periods		381,387		1,213,109		(831,722)
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date		76,036				76,036
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	457,423	\$	1,213,109	\$	(755,686)

The \$76,036 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended April 30, 2020.

The net amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, prior to contributions subsequent to measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Ne	Net Deferred	
Year Ending	I	Inflows of	
December 31	Resources		
2020	\$	273,003	
2021		201,509	
2022		(67,692)	
2023		424,902	
Total	\$	831,722	

Payables to the Pension Plan

At April 30, 2020, the District had \$42,903 due to IMRF for legally required employer and legally required employee contributions.

18. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 17, the District provides limited post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) for its eligible retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan (Retiree Healthcare Program). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the District and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Benefits Provided

The District provides limited health care coverage at the active employee rate to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois statutes, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health care coverage. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the District's retirement plans. Upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer.

Membership

At April 30, 2020, membership consisted of:

Active Employees	82
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Inactive Employees Currently Receiving Benefits	4
Total	86

Funding Policy

The District is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$320,633 was determined for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, using April 30, 2020 as the measurement date, by an acutarial valuation as of April 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determine using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement date, unless otherwise specified. A discount rate of 2.92 percent was used, which is the yield for the 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds as of April 30, 2020.

Valuation Date	April 30, 2020
Measurement Date	April 30, 2020
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	7.50% to 4.50%
Salary Increase Rate	3.25%
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Mortality	RPH-2018 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully
	generational using Scale MP-2018

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability May 1, 2019	\$ 304,966
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	15,028
Interest	11,813
Changes in Assumptions	15,201
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	(9,631)
Benefit Payments	 (16,744)
Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2020	\$ 320,633

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.92 percent, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent higher or 1 percent lower than the current rate:

		Discount Rate			
		Baseline			
	1% Decrease	2.92%	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 338,686	\$ 320,633	\$ 303,208		

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percent higher or 1 percent lower than the current trend rates:

	He	ealthcare Cost Trend	ds		
		Baseline			
	1% Decrease	7.50%	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 290,044	\$ 320,633	\$ 356,523		

OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the District reported OPEB expense of \$27,931. At April 30, 2020, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	
	Outflows/(Inflows)	
	of Resources	
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in	•	
OPEB Expense in Future Periods		
Deferred Outflow - Changes in Assumptions	\$	15,666
Deferred Inflow - Difference Between		
Expected and Actual Experience		(8,427)
Net Deferred Outflow to be Recognized in		
OPEB Expense in Future Periods	\$	7,239

Amounts reported as net deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending		Deferred flows of
April 30	Res	sources
2021	\$	1,090
2022		1,090
2023		1,090
2024		1,090
2025		1,090
Thereafter		1,789
Total	\$	7,239

19. Joint Risk Management Pool

The District is a member of the Park District Risk Management Agency (PDRMA). As a member of PDRMA's Property/Casualty Program, the District is represented on the Property/Casualty Program Council and the Membership Assembly and is entitled to one vote on each. The relationship between the District and PDRMA is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by resolution of the District's governing body. The District is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions to PDRMA, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with PDRMA, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outline by PDRMA.

Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of PDRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member.

PDRMA is responsible for administering the self-insurance program and purchasing excess insurance according to the direction of the Program Council. PDRMA also provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims, and establishes reasonable and necessary loss reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members.

During the year ended April 30, 2020, there were no significant reductions in coverage and there were no settlement amounts that have exceeded insurance coverage or that have been uncovered by insurance in the past three years.

20. TIF District Agreement

Illinois' Tax Increment Financing Act enable cities to finance certain redevelopment costs with the revenue generated from (i) payments in lieu of real estate taxes, as measured by the net increase in assessed valuation resulting from redevelopment and (ii) a portion of the increase in the other local tax revenue associated with the new economic activity. When a tax increment financing (TIF) plan is adopted by a city, real estate taxes in the TIF redevelopment area (the TIF district) are frozen at their current level for all taxing bodies except the sponsoring city, which continues to collect real estate taxes on the increasing value of property in the TIF district for the life of the TIF district. The City of Champaign (the City) has three TIF districts that impact the District. The District has an

agreement with the City to receive TIF district surplus payments from the City. The District received \$13,334 in TIF district surplus payments for fiscal year 2020. The TIF districts associated with this agreement expire from February 2037 to January 2040.

21. Contingent Liabilities

The District participates in a number of state and federally assisted programs. Under the terms of the programs, periodic audits are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of these programs. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to grantor agencies. Based on prior experience, the District believes examinations would not result in any material disallowed costs for grant revenue recorded in these financial statements or from prior years.

In the normal course of events, the District makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities that are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. Additionally, various legal proceedings are pending against the District. Management believes that the aggregate liability, if any, resulting from these will not be material after insurance coverage.

22. Commitments and Uncertainty

Capital Asset Commitments

Through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, the District has various construction projects in progress or pending with commitments totaling approximately \$3,115,000. These commitments are expected to be paid in fiscal year 2021 using funds from the General Fund (\$100,000), Bond Proceeds Fund (\$400,000), Special Recreation Fund (\$873,000), Capital Improvements and Repair Fund (\$996,000), Trails and Pathways Fund (\$30,000), Martens Center Fund (\$694,000), and Park Development Fund (\$22,000).

Other Commitments

The District has a contract for the purchase of electricity from November 2019 through June 2022 through a vendor. The contract contains set rates per kilowatt hours for peak and off-peak consumption periods. Upon expiration of the contract's fixed term, the contract may be continued on a month-to-month holdover term. The District incurred an expense of \$26,661 for electricity purchased through this vendor contract in fiscal year 2020.

Uncertainty

As of April 30, 2020, local, U.S. and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential

economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the District as of the date of the independent auditor's report, management believes that a material impact on the District's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

23. Related Party Activities and Balances

The Foundation provides donations to the District to support various programs and capital projects. The District also receives donations on behalf of the Foundation and forwards these donations to the Foundation. During the year ended April 30, 2020, the District received donations totaling \$792,592 from the Foundation and the District forwarded \$48,642 in donations to the Foundation. The District also provides the Foundation staffing to support the administration and development services of the Foundation. During the year ended April 30, 2020, the value of the District's staffing support was \$83,730.

At April 30, 2020, the District had \$61,451 due from the Foundation and owed the Foundation \$1,290.

24. New Government Accounting Standard

In January 2017, GASB issued GASB Statement 84 (GASB 84), *Fiduciary Activities*. The provisions of GASB 84 improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 is effective for the District's fiscal year 2021. The District's management is currently evaluating the impact, if any, the updated standard will have on its financial statements.

25. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The following notes are provided for the District's discretely presented component unit, the Champaign Parks Foundation, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020:

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Champaign Park District (the Foundation) is a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois to develop philanthropic support for the Champaign Park District (the District). The Foundation is considered a component unit of the District under the accounting standards followed by the District; however, the Foundation is a separate legal entity. The Foundation's programs relate to the support of the operational and capital needs of the District that lack adequate funding through the District's available resources

The Foundation's major source of revenue and support are contributions from donors, grants, and investment income.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. The Foundation's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Net assets of the Foundation and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met, either by actions of the Board of Directors and/or the passage of time, or that must be maintained perpetually by the Foundation. When a restriction expires, assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

- b. Cash and cash equivalents consist of deposits in checking accounts and money market accounts.
- c. Investments consist of money markets, negotiable and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury securities, exchange traded funds, and mutual funds. The non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The money markets, negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury securities, exchange traded funds, and mutual funds are recorded at fair value with realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments reported in the change in net assets. Net investment income/(loss) is reported in the statements of activities as with or without donor restrictions revenue and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized gains and losses, less investment management and custodial fees.

The Foundation invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that, such changes, could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position.

- d. Contributions of facilities are capitalized if the fair value of the property exceeds the Foundation's capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Contributed services are reported as contribution revenue and as assets or expenses only if the services create or enhance a nonfinancial asset (for example, property and equipment) or:
 - Would typically need to be purchased by the Foundation if the services had not been provided by contribution,
 - Require specialized skills,
 - Are provided by individuals with those skills.

e. All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor or by law. Amounts received which are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as net assets with donor restrictions and increase that net asset class.

Unconditional contributions receivable are recognized as revenues or gains in the period the promise is received and are included in contributions receivable. Contributions to be received after one year, when material, are discounted using a risk-free rate. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents an estimate of potential contributions receivable write-offs based on trends and factors surrounding the collectability of certain pledges. The allowance for doubtful contributions receivable was \$0 at April 30, 2020 and 2019, as management expects to collect all balances.

Gifts of cash and other assets received with donor-imposed restrictions which require the corpus to be invested in perpetuity are classified as net assets with donor restrictions, restricted in perpetuity. Gifts of cash and other assets are presented as with donor restrictions, restricted by purpose or time, support if they are received with donor-imposed restrictions that limit their use. When a donor-imposed restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions, restricted by purpose or time, are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported as net assets released from restrictions.

- f. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
 - The Foundation's most significant estimates are the allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable and the discount on long-term contributions receivable.
- g. The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or administrative function. Therefore, these expenses, such as salaries and fringe benefits, require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Select expenses are allocated between program, management and general, and fundraising functions depending on the nature of the expense; for salaries and benefits, this is based on the duties performed by the employees. All other expenses are directly charged to the applicable program or support function.
- h. The Foundation is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The Foundation has been classified as an organization that is a public charity under the IRC and charitable contributions by donors are tax deductible.
- i. The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through October 28, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

j. The Foundation adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities – Clarifying the Scope and Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Made, in Fiscal Year 2020. The ASU clarifies whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions (nonreciprocal transaction within the scope of Topic 958) or exchanges (reciprocal transactions) subject to other guidance. Additionally, the ASU assists in determining whether a contribution is conditional. The Foundation adopted the new standards effective May 1, 2019 using the modified prospective approach. The adoption of this standard had no impact on beginning net assets as of May 1, 2019, or on any financial statements line items in Fiscal Year 2020.

NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK – BANK DEPOSITS

The Foundation maintains all its cash and non-negotiable certificates of deposit in banks located in Champaign County, Illinois. Negotiable certificates of deposit are held in various U.S. banks through brokerage accounts. Balances on deposit at banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor per bank. Balances more than FDIC limits are uninsured. As of April 30, 2020, the Foundation's bank deposits were fully covered by FDIC insurance.

NOTE 4 – CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE, NET

Contributions receivable, net consist of the following as of April 30:

	 2020	2019
Collectible in:	 _	
Less than One Year	\$ 550,118	\$ 578,777
One to Five Years	 292,496	462,333
Subtotal	 842,614	 1,041,110
Present Value Discount at 2.27 Percent	 (9,574)	 (25,919)
Total Contribution Receivable, Net	\$ 833,040	\$ 1,015,191

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS

The following is a summary of the investments held at April 30:

	2020	2019
Money Markets	\$ 1,284,679	\$ 1,870,439
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	802,920	400,190
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	371,164	550,590
U.S. Treasury Securities	-	994,840
Exchange Traded Funds	357,180	-
Mutual Funds	1,876,005	1,234,381
Total	\$ 4,691,948	\$ 5,050,440

Fair Value Measurements

FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles. Topic 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Topic 820 requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Topic 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels.

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation can access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at April 30, 2020.

Money Markets – Valued at the cash balance available to the Foundation as of April 30, 2020.

Negotiable Certificates of Deposit – Valued at benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, and other items for similar assets.

Treasury Securities, Mutual Funds, and Exchange Traded Funds – Valued at unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets that the Foundation can access.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future values. Furthermore, although the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy, the Foundation's investments at fair value as of April 30, 2020:

	Cost	Market	Fair Value Level
Money Markets	\$ 1,284,679	\$ 1,284,679	1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	800,011	802,920	2
Exchange Traded Funds	360,810	357,180	1
Mutual Funds	1,897,961	1,876,005	1
Total	\$ 4,343,461	\$ 4,320,784	

The following table sets forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy, the Foundation's investments at fair value as of April 30, 2019:

	Cost	Market	Fair Value Level
Money Markets	\$ 1,870,439	\$ 1,870,439	1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	400,005	400,190	2
U.S. Treasury Securities	987,675	994,840	1
Mutual Funds	1,232,059	 1,234,381	1
Total	\$ 4,490,178	\$ 4,499,850	

There were no transfers in or out of Level 1 and 2 and the valuation approach and technique for Level 2 remained the same between April 30, 2020 and 2019.

Investments Custodial Credit Risk

Of the investments in negotiable certificates of deposit and exchange traded funds at April 30, 2020, \$660,100 is subject to custodial credit risk as their value exceeds coverage provided by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation.

Concentration of Investments Risk

At April 30, 2020, the Foundation held less than five percent of its investments value in the debt securities or stock of any single issuer.

NOTE 6 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The following reflects the Foundation's financial assets and liquidity at April 30, 2020:

т.		
Finar	ncial	Assets:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 338,493
Investments	4,691,948
Contribution Receivables	833,040
Accounts Receivable	281
Total Financial Assets	 5,863,762
Less Donor Imposed Restrictions:	
Purpose or Time Restricted	(5,649,223)
Perpetual Restriction	 (68,119)
Financial Assets Available for General Expenditures within One Year	\$ 146,420

The Foundation's goal is generally to maintain financial assets sufficient to meet 60 days of normal operating expenses.

NOTE 7 – NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Purpose or time restricted net assets at April 30, 2020, are available for the following purposes:

	2020	 2019
Purpose Restricted For:		
Martens Center	\$ 5,077,473	\$ 5,460,954
Virginia Theatre Restoration	219,117	376,059
Memorials	60,465	52,987
West Side Park Sculptures	57,267	57,267
Scholarships	27,190	51,500
Visual and Performing	24,672	200
Other, Under \$20,000	183,039	 182,456
Total	\$ 5,649,223	\$ 6,181,423

Perpetually restricted net assets at April 30, 2020 and 2019 consist of the H.E. Moore Trust of \$68,119.

NOTE 8 – ENDOWMENT

The Foundation is subject to the enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA) and is required to make disclosures about endowment funds, both donor-restricted endowment funds and board-designated endowment funds.

The Foundation's endowment consists of an individual fund established for a variety of purposes including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as an endowment. Net assets associated with endowment fund, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as an endowment, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Endowment assets, both donor-restricted and board-designated, are reflected as investments on the statements of financial position.

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift, as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation retains in net assets with donor restrictions, restricted in perpetuity (a) the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, and (c) accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund is classified as net assets with donor restrictions, restricted by purpose or time, until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Board of Directors in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in deciding to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. The investment policies of the Foundation

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, deficiencies of this nature, which are reported in net assets with donor restrictions, restricted in perpetuity, were \$0 as of April 30, 2020 and 2019.

The Foundation has not adopted an investment policy or spending policy related to the endowment; however, the objective of the Foundation is to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets are invested in cash equivalents. The investment policy of the Foundation is to invest cash equivalents into high-quality instruments with high liquidity and current maturity of one year or less. Actual returns in any given year may vary. Income earned from the endowment is spent in accordance with the Foundation's mission.

Total endowment net assets of \$68,119 at April 30, 2020 and 2019, were net assets with donor restrictions, restricted in perpetuity, and had no change in value during the year ended April 30, 2020 and 2019.

NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District provided donated services to the Foundation. Donated services consist of salaries of District personnel assigned to perform management and fundraising services for the Foundation. For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, the amount contributed and included as in-kind revenue totaled \$83,730 and \$82,898, respectively. An equivalent expense is included in the statements of activities. Of the \$83,730 and \$82,898, \$71,668 and \$71,044, respectively, was allocated as fundraising expense.

For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation also received \$48,642 and \$66,276, respectively, from the District in contributions, and \$792,592 and \$43,284, respectively, were transferred back to the District to support programs. The Fiscal Year 2020 amount transferred back to the District included approximately \$750,000 to fund major capital projects and equipment of the District.

As of April 30, 2020 the Foundation owed \$60,161 to the District and as of April 30, 2019, the District owed the Foundation \$7,866.

NOTE 10 – CONCENTRATION OF SUPPORT AND REVENUE

For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation recognized contributions revenue of \$223,358 and \$849,174, respectively, from 3 and 2 contributors, respectively, which made up 58 percent and 59 percent, respectively, of the total support and revenue for those Fiscal Years. Included in these contributions each year are the cash and in-kind contributions received from the District.

NOTE 11 – UNCERTAINITY

Beginning in March 2020, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppages in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel, size, and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the Foundation as of the date of the independent auditor's report.

NOTE 12 – NEW NONPROFIT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)*. The provisions of the ASU will modify the disclosures on fair value measurements requiring entities to add materiality as consideration for necessity of any singular disclosure requirement. The ASU is effective for the Foundation's Fiscal Year 2021.

In September 2020, FASB issued ASU 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities: Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets (Topic 958)*. The provisions of this ASU update disclosure requirements for nonfinancial contributions and require separate presentation of these contributions on the Statement of Activities. The standard is effective for the Foundation's Fiscal Year 2022. Early adoption is permitted.

The Foundation has yet to select a transition method and is currently evaluating the affect, if any, the updated standards will have on future financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

IMRF Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Calendar Years

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Total Pension Liability	(2), (3) 2019	2018	2017	2016	(1) 2015
Service Cost	\$ 395,943	\$ 368,253	\$ 380,175	\$ 365,550	\$ 354,604
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,327,024	1,252,119	1,226,859	1,173,980	1,137,251
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,327,024	1,232,117	1,220,637	1,175,760	1,137,231
of the Total Pension Liability	(155,603)	171,167	(49,252)	(194,705)	(401,284)
Changes of Assumptions	-	526,056	(513,435)	-	-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(722,793)	(722,387)	(700,347)	(613,420)	(619,668)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	844,571	1,595,208	344,000	731,405	470,903
Change in Estimate	40,041	-,,	-	-	-
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	18,427,157	16,831,949	16,487,949	15,756,544	15,285,641
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	19,311,769	18,427,157	16,831,949	16,487,949	15,756,544
, ,					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	\$ 233,243	\$ 313,332	\$ 318,934	\$ 309,831	\$ 340,276
Contributions - Employees	183,290	218,488	226,871	187,217	173,510
Net Investment Income	3,327,707	1,376,991	1,155,545	1,104,902	1,125,423
Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Investment Income	-	(971,780)	1,171,985	(166,294)	(1,395,552)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(722,793)	(722,387)	(700,347)	(613,420)	(619,668)
Administrative Expenses	-	7,714	(12,648)	(18,195)	38,634
Other	(729,871)	(477)	5	6	(625)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,291,576	221,881	2,160,345	804,047	(338,002)
Change in Estimate	(85,510)	-	-	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	18,130,080	17,908,199	15,747,854	14,943,807	15,281,809
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	20,336,146	18,130,080	17,908,199	15,747,854	14,943,807
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ (1,024,377)	\$ 297,077	\$ (1,076,250)	\$ 740,095	\$ 812,737
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage					
of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	105.30%	98.39%	106.39%	95.51%	94.84%
• • • •					
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,073,111	\$ 4,022,461	\$ 3,928,474	\$ 3,654,682	\$ 3,540,183
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-25.15%	7.39%	-27.40%	20.25%	22.96%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.
- (2) There were no benefit changes during the current year.
- (3) Assumption changes for the actuarial calculation of the total pension liability included:
 - a. Salary Increases rate range decreased from 3.75 percent to 14.50 percent, including inflation, to 3.35 percent to 14.25 percent, including inflation

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT IMRF Schedule of Employer Contributions Fiscal Years

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

(1) Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Employer Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 231,352	\$ 231,352	\$ -	\$ 4,145,200	5.58%
2019	320,319	315,931	4,388	4,057,195	7.78%
2018	325,102	322,921	2,181	3,980,224	8.11%
2017	320,546	320,683	(137)	3,718,634	8.62%
2016	335,623	322,949	12,674	3,588,692	9.00%

Note:

See Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - IMRF Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited)

April 30, 2020

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2019 Contribution Rate*

Valuation Date:

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each

year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2019 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 24-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.25%

Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014 - 2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with

fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employees Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Required Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

(Sharanta)			
	(3)		(1)
	2020		2019
Total OPEB liability (2)	 		
Service Cost	\$ 15,028	\$	13,956
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	11,813		11,823
Changes in Assumptions	15,201		3,153
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(9,631)		-
Benefit Payments	 (16,744)		(15,504)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 15,667		13,428
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	304,966		291,538
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 320,633	\$	304,966
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,641,572	\$.	3,571,632
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	8.8%		8.5%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in Fiscal Year 2019 and the above table will be expanded to 10 years of information as the information becomes available
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits.
- (3) Assumptions Used to Determine the OPEB Liability:

Valuation Date:

April 30, 2019

Measurement Date:

April 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Salary

Interest Rate Used to Discount the Liability:

2.92%

Healthcare Inflation Rates:

7.50% in Fiscal Year 2021 decreasing to 4.50% by Fiscal Year 2027 in .50% increments.

Participation Assumption for the Healthcare Benefit:

100%

Mortality:

RPH-2018 Total dataset mortality table fully generational using Scale MP-2018

Changes in the Current Fiscal Year:

Adjustment for premium increases and decrease in interest rate used to discount the liability from 3.79% to 2.92%.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Combining Balance Sheet -Non-Major Governmental Funds April 30, 2020

				S	Special Revenue Funds	Spuns				S	Debt Service Fund
OFFICE	1 4	Liability Insurance	IMRF	Audit	Social Security	Special Recreation	Police Protection	ion	Special Donations	4 1	Bond Amortization/ Debt Service
ASSEIS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	€	439,473	\$ 434,646	\$ 14,735	\$ 110,777	\$ 1,862,779	\$ 73	73,741	\$ 162,539	↔	16,753
Investments		97,829	1	•	•	237,238			•		1
Accounts Receivable		40	4,999	•	•	200			•		1
Grants Receivable Property Taxes Due from Discretely Presented Component Unit		364,100	280,600	24,700	398,200	758,500	15	15,200			1,196,500
Due from Other Funds		1	5,504	1	13,261	1					
Total Assets	€	901,442	\$ 725,749	\$ 39,435	\$ 522,238	\$ 2,858,717	\$	88,941	\$ 162,539	↔	1,213,253
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	JRCES, A	AND FUND	BALANCES								
LIABILITIES A central Salaries Davable	€	7226	\$ 42 903	¥	\$ 10301	355	¥	٠	¥	€	,
Accounts Payable	9	20,157		9		4	9			9	
Refund Liability Ronds Pavable						1,609					
Due to Discretely Presented Component Unit		•	•	•	•	1			1,290		
Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue						18,765			' '		
Total Liabilities		22,494	42,903		10,301	74,624		 	1,290		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		364,100	280,600	24,700	398,200	758,500	15	15,200			1,196,500
FUND BALANCES Non-Spendable - Permanent Funds		1	1	1	1	1		1	1		•
Restricted Committed		514,848	402,246	14,735	113,737	2,025,593	73	73,741	161,249		16,753
Assigned Unassigned		1 1							' '		
Total Fund Balances		514,848	402,246	14,735	113,737	2,025,593	73	73,741	161,249		16,753
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	↔	901,442	\$ 725,749	\$ 39,435	\$ 522,238	\$ 2,858,717	∻	88,941	\$ 162,539	8	1,213,253

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Combining Balance Sheet -Non-Major Governmental Funds April 30, 2020

					Capital Projects Funds	ects Func	ls				Perm	Permanent Fund		
ASSETS	Pa I	Paving and Lighting	L Acqu	Land Acquisition	Park Development	Tra	Trails and Pathways	Bond	 	Martens Center	*	Working Cash	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	or ital
sh Equivaler sh Equivaler	€	207,286	s	979,943	\$ 1,028,251	∽	360,916	1,662,803	803	2,710,730	€	250,000	\$ 8,652,569 1,662,803 335,067	,569 ,803 ,067
Receivables. Accounts Receivable Grants Receivable Property Taxes Due from Discretely Presented Component Unit Due from Other Funds		94,800		1 1 1 1 1						122,500		1 1 1 1 1	5,239 122,500 3,132,600 61,451 18,765	5,239 (22,500 32,600 (61,451 18,765
Total Assets	S	302,086	S	979,943	\$ 1,028,251	89	360,916	\$ 1,662,803	803 \$	2,894,681	S	250,000	\$ 13,990,994	994
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	ES, AND F	UND BALAN	CES											
LIABILITIES Accrued Salaries Payable Accounts Payable	€9	- 14.863	↔		 ↔	€9		\$	- \$	- 48.942	↔		\$ 61,877	61,877
Refund Liability Bonds Payable		1 1		1 1				- 1,168,900	- 006				1,609 1,168,900	1,609
Due to Discretely Presented Component Unit Due to Other Funds Uneamed Revenue										184,870			1,2 18,7 186,2	1,290 18,765 186,208
Total Liabilities		14,863						1,181,552	552	233,812			1,581,839	839
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		94,800		1			-		-	•		•	3,132,600	009
FUND BALANCES Non-Spendable - Permanent Funds Restricted Committed		192,423		- - 979,943	1,028,251		360,916	481,251	- 251	471,893		250,000	250,000 4,451,716 2,385,863	,000 ,716 ,863
Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances		192,423		- 979,943	1,028,251		360,916	481,251		2,188,976		250,000	2,188,976	976
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	↔	302,086	S	979,943	\$ 1,028,251	S	360,916	\$ 1,662,803	803 \$	2,894,681	⇔	250,000	\$ 13,990,994	994

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

				S	Special Revenue Funds	spun			Debt Service Fund
·	Liability Insurance	llity	IMRF	Audit	Social Security	Special Recreation	Police Protection	Special Donation	Bond Amortization/ Debt Service
Revenues Property Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	346,681	\$ 319,314	\$ 23,715	\$ 352,160	\$ 729,861	\$ 23,715	- 1 - 1	\$ 1,169,600
Charges for Services, Program Rentals, and Related Items Contributions and Sponsorships Interest Income Special Receipts Total Revenues	37	60 9,236 23,045 379,022	7,661	271	3,254	120,923 233,543 39,033 900 1,124,260	1,419	75,566 2,468 - 78,034	5,426
Expenditures Current: Culture and Recreation: Salaries and Wages Fringe Benefits Commodities	4 L	45,248 10,707 3,901	210,517	1 1 1	395,405	422,814 86,088 75,038			
Contractual Services Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and Fees Total Expenditures	23	234,386 16,358 - - 310,600	210,517	22,300	395,405	219,040 249,500 - 1,052,480	16,142	56,260	1 1 1 1
Net Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		68,422	116,458	1,686	(39,991)	71,780	8,992	21,774	1,175,026
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)									(1,167,900)
Net Change in Fund Balances	•	68,422	116,458	1,686	(39,991)	71,780	8,992	21,774	7,126
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	4	446,426	285,788	13,049	153,728	1,953,813	64,749	139,475	9,627
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 51	514,848	\$ 402,246	\$ 14,735	\$ 113,737	\$ 2,025,593	\$ 73,741	\$ 161,249	\$ 16,753

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

			Capital Projects	rojects			Permanent Fund	ĺ	
	Paving and Lighting	Land Acquisition	Park Development	Trails and Pathways	Bond Proceeds	Martens Center	Working Cash	ğ	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues Property Taxes	\$ 91,233	€	€	· •	<u>.</u>	€	€	\$	3,056,279
Intergovernmental Revenues Grants						137,630			137,630
Charges for Services, Program Kentals, and Related Items Contributions and Sponsorships						871.637			120,983
Interest Income Special Receipts	3,771	18,757	20,319	6,930	28,185	42,321			189,051
Total Revenues	95,004	18,757	20,319	6,930	28,185	1,051,588			4,708,634
Expenditures Current:									
Culture and Recreation: Salaries and Wages	•	•	•	•	•	•			468,062
Fringe Benefits	•	•	•	•	•	•			702,717
Commodities	•	•	•	•	•	•			78,939
Contractual Services	20,539	•	•	•	3,428	142,359			714,454
Capital Outlay	50,000	•	•	53,500	448,637	395,015			1,213,010
Debt Setvice: Principal	•	•	•	1	445,000	•	•		445,000
Interest and Fees	•	'	•	'	109,783	•			109,783
Total Expenditures	70,539	1	•	53,500	1,006,848	537,374			3,731,965
Net Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	24,465	18,757	20,319	(46,570)	(978,663)	514,214			976,669
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	•	174,724	100,000	100,000	1,167,900	150,000	·		1,692,624
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		174,724	100,000	100,000	1,167,900	150,000			524,724
Net Change in Fund Balances	24,465	193,481	120,319	53,430	189,237	664,214			1,501,393
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	167,958	786,462	907,932	307,486	292,014	1,996,655	250,000		7,775,162
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 192,423	\$ 979,943	\$ 1,028,251	\$ 360,916	\$ 481,251	\$ 2,660,869	\$ 250,000	8	9,276,555

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Liability Insurance Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual etary Basis)	Budget (Final)	Budget Original)
Revenues	 		 ,
Property Taxes	\$ 346,681	\$ 336,410	\$ 336,410
Charges for Services, Program Rentals,			
and Related Items	60	204	204
Interest Income	9,236	10,132	10,132
Special Receipts	23,045	-	-
Total Revenues	379,022	346,746	346,746
Expenditures			
Current:			
Culture and Recreation:			
Salaries and Wages	45,248	50,132	50,132
Fringe Benefits	10,707	10,900	9,001
Commodities	3,901	13,967	14,426
Contractual Services	234,386	253,030	254,470
Total Current	294,242	328,029	328,029
Capital Outlay	16,358	64,745	64,745
Total Expenditures	310,600	392,774	392,774
Net Change in Fund Balances	68,422	(46,028)	(46,028)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	446,426	 446,426	 446,426
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 514,848	\$ 400,398	\$ 400,398

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Actual getary Basis)	Budget (Final)	Budget Original)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$	319,314	\$ 317,500	\$ 317,500
Interest Income		7,661	_	-
Total Revenues		326,975	317,500	317,500
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture and Recreation:				
Fringe Benefits		210,517	294,000	294,000
Total Expenditures		210,517	294,000	294,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		116,458	23,500	23,500
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		285,788	285,788	 285,788
Fund Balance, End of Year	_ \$	402,246	\$ 309,288	\$ 309,288

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Audit Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	ctual etary Basis)	Budget (Final)	Budget Original)
Revenues	 	,	
Property Taxes	\$ 23,715	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000
Interest Income	271	380	380
Total Revenues	23,986	22,380	22,380
Expenditures			
Current:			
Culture and Recreation:			
Contractual Services	 22,300	24,300	24,300
Total Expenditures	22,300	24,300	24,300
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,686	(1,920)	(1,920)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	13,049	 13,049	 13,049
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 14,735	\$ 11,129	\$ 11,129

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Social Security Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual getary Basis)	Budget (Final)		Budget Original)
Revenues	 <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	,		,
Property Taxes	\$ 352,160	\$ 345,300	\$	345,300
Interest Income	3,254	5,400		5,400
Total Revenues	355,414	350,700		350,700
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture and Recreation:				
Fringe Benefits	395,405	417,150		417,150
Total Expenditures	395,405	417,150	,	417,150
Net Change in Fund Balances	(39,991)	(66,450)		(66,450)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 153,728	153,728		153,728
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 113,737	\$ 87,278	\$	87,278

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Special Recreation Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

D	(E	Actual Budgetary Basis)		Budget (Final)		Budget (Original)
Revenues	C	720.971	¢	717 200	¢	717 200
Property Taxes	\$	729,861	\$	717,380	\$	717,380
Charges for Services, Program Rentals,		120.022		155 701		155 701
and Related Items		120,923		155,791		155,791
Contributions and Sponsorships		233,543		235,390		235,390
Interest Income		39,033		42,000		42,000
Special Receipts		900		1,920		1,920
Total Revenues		1,124,260		1,152,481		1,152,481
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation:						
Salaries and Wages		422,814		447,499		454,670
Fringe Benefits		86,088		86,427		85,900
Commodities		75,038		87,621		90,324
Contractual Services		219,040		269,948		256,431
Total Current		802,980		891,495		887,325
Capital Outlay		249,500		870,437		874,607
Total Expenditures		1,052,480		1,761,932		1,761,932
Net Change in Fund Balances		71,780		(609,451)		(609,451)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,953,813		1,953,813		1,953,813
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,025,593	\$	1,344,362	\$	1,344,362

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Police Protection Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Actual etary Basis)	Budget (Final)	Budget Priginal)
Revenues	·			
Property Taxes	\$	23,715	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000
Interest Income		1,419	1,600	1,600
Total Revenues		25,134	24,600	24,600
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture and Recreation:				
Contractual Services		16,142	 18,540	 18,540
Total Expenditures		16,142	18,540	18,540
Net Change in Fund Balances		8,992	6,060	6,060
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		64,749	64,749	64,749
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	73,741	\$ 70,809	\$ 70,809

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Special Donation Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual etary Basis)	Budget (Final)	Budget Driginal)
Revenues	_	 _	
Contributions and Sponsorships	\$ 75,566	\$ 62,800	\$ 62,800
Interest Income	2,468	2,600	2,600
Total Revenues	78,034	65,400	65,400
Expenditures			
Current:			
Culture and Recreation:			
Contractual Services	56,260	 65,400	 65,400
Total Expenditures	56,260	65,400	65,400
Net Change in Fund Balances	21,774	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 139,475	 139,475	 139,475
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 161,249	\$ 139,475	\$ 139,475

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Bond Amortization/Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Actual		Budget		Budget
	(Bud	lgetary Basis)		(Final)		(Original)
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	1,169,600	\$	1,161,000	\$	1,161,000
Interest Income		5,426		6,900		6,900
Total Revenues		1,175,026		1,167,900		1,167,900
		_		_		
Expenditures				-		
Net Excess Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,175,026		1,167,900		1,167,900
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers Out		(1,167,900)		(1,167,900)		(1,167,900)
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,126		-		-
		0.627		0.627		0.627
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		9,627		9,627		9,627
Fund Balance, End of Year	•	16,753	\$	9,627	•	9,627
runu Daiance, Enu oi Teal	ψ	10,733	Ф	9,027	φ	9,027

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Capital Improvements and Repair Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Act (Budgeta	tual ry Basis)		Budget (Final)		Budget Driginal)
Revenues	A	201 - 21	Φ.	100 010		100.010
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	291,721	\$	193,810	\$	193,810
Contributions and Sponsorships		200,000		200,000		200,000
Grants		42,619		800,000		800,000
Interest Income		49,161		31,680		31,680
Special Receipts		77,634		78,723		78,723
Total Revenues	-	661,135		1,304,213		1,304,213
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation:						
Contractual Services		10,337		10,338		6,881
Capital Outlay	3	,898,211	(5,060,931		6,064,388
Total Expenditures	3	,908,548	(6,071,269		6,071,269
Net Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3	,247,413)	(4	4,767,056)	(4,767,056)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	2	,880,000	2	2,880,000		2,880,000
Transfers Out		(74,724)		(74,724)		(74,724)
Sales of Capital Assets		75,000		75,000		75,000
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2	,880,276	2	2,880,276		2,880,276
Net Change in Fund Balances		(367,137)	(1	1,886,780)	(1,886,780)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2	,715,184		2,715,184		2,715,184
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2	,348,047	\$	828,404	\$	828,404

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Paving and Lighting Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Budget (Final)		Budget (Original)	
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	91,233	\$	90,000	\$	90,000
Interest Income		3,771		_		_
Total Revenues		95,004		90,000		90,000
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation:						
Contractual Services		20,539		38,000		38,000
Capital Outlay		50,000		50,000		50,000
Total Expenditures		70,539		88,000		88,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		24,465		2,000		2,000
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		167,958		167,958		167,958
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	192,423	\$	169,958	\$	169,958

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Land Acquisition Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Budget (Final)		Budget (Original)	
Revenues Interest Income Total Revenues	\$	18,757 18,757	\$	14,300 14,300	\$	14,300 14,300
Expenditures				-		
Net Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		18,757		14,300		14,300
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		174,724		174,723		174,723
Net Change in Fund Balances		193,481		189,023		189,023
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		786,462		786,462		786,462
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	979,943	\$	975,485	\$	975,485

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Park Development Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	(Bud	Actual lgetary Basis)	 Budget (Final)	Budget Original)
Revenues				
Interest Income	\$	20,319	\$ 18,900	\$ 18,900
Total Revenues		20,319	 18,900	 18,900
Expenditures			 	
Net Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		20,319	 18,900	 18,900
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In		100,000	 100,000	100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		120,319	118,900	118,900
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		907,932	 907,932	 907,932
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,028,251	\$ 1,026,832	\$ 1,026,832

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Trails and Pathways Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual	Budget	Budget
	(Budgetary Basis)	(Final)	(Original)
Revenues			
Interest Income	\$ 6,930	\$ 4,800	\$ 4,800
Total Revenues	6,930	4,800	4,800
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	53,500	248,500	248,500
Total Expenditures	53,500	248,500	248,500
Net Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures	(46,570)	(243,700)	(243,700)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	100,000	100,000	100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	53,430	(143,700)	(143,700)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	307,486	307,486	307,486
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 360,916	\$ 163,786	\$ 163,786

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Bond Proceeds Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Actual			
	(E	Budgetary	Budget		Budget
		Basis)	 (Final)	((Original)
Revenues					
Interest Income	\$	28,185	\$ 29,700	\$	29,700
Total Revenues		28,185	 29,700		29,700
Expenditures					
Current:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Contractual Services		3,428	3,530		3,530
Capital Outlay		448,637	546,500		546,500
Debt Service:					
Principal		445,000	445,000		445,000
Interest and Fees		109,783	 121,600		121,600
Total Expenditures		1,006,848	 1,116,630		1,116,630
Net Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures		(978,663)	 (1,086,930)		(1,086,930)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In		1,167,900	 1,167,900		1,167,900
Net Change in Fund Balances		189,237	80,970		80,970
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		292,014	292,014		292,014
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	481,251	\$ 372,984	\$	372,984

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Martens Center Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	(I	Actual Budgetary Basis)	 Budget (Final)	 Budget (Original)
Revenues				
Grants	\$	137,630	\$ 137,500	\$ 137,500
Contributions and Sponsorships		871,637	904,164	904,164
Interest Income		42,321		_
Total Revenues		1,051,588	 1,041,664	1,041,664
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture and Recreation:				
Contractual Services		142,359	151,675	71,200
Capital Outlay		395,015	1,039,989	1,120,464
Total Expenditures		537,374	1,191,664	1,191,664
Net Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		514,214	 (150,000)	 (150,000)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In		150,000	 150,000	 150,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		664,214	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,996,655	 1,996,655	1,996,655
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,660,869	\$ 1,996,655	\$ 1,996,655

PERMANENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual (Budgetary Basis) Versus Budget Working Cash Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Actual Sudgetary Basis)	Budget (Final)	Budget (Original)
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures	 		
Net Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out	 		
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 250,000	250,000	250,000
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000

FIDUCIARY FUND

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary (Agency) Fund Activity and Affiliates Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Balance 1 30, 2019	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance 1 30, 2020
Assets	 				_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 47,320	\$	12,404	\$	(19,600)	\$ 40,124
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	939		18,661		(19,600)	-
Due to Affiliated Agencies	 46,381				(6,257)	40,124
Total Liabilities	 47,320	. <u> </u>	18,661		(25,857)	 40,124

STATISTICAL SECTION INTRODUCTION

This part of the Champaign Park District's (the District) comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Financial Trend Schedules - Schedule 20 through Schedule 23

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Schedules - Schedule 24 through Schedule 27

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity Schedules - Schedule 28 through Schedule 32

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information Schedules - Schedule 33 and Schedule 34

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information Schedules - Schedule 35 through Schedule 37

These schedules contain service and infrastructure information to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Sources – Unless otherwise noted on the Schedules, the information in these Schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for relevant years.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)
Accrual Basis of Accounting

:	2011	2012		2013		2014	2015	l	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 21,849,023 3,609,005 11,193,039	\$ 24,418,400 3,916,480 13,284,336	\$ 00	30,293,343 3,332,670 13,006,809	∞	35,442,800 2,771,013 13,902,641	\$ 36,593,177 4,321,096 14,345,259	es	35,768,663 1,416,379 13,078,771	∞	35,927,833 3,140,565 14,049,446	∞	36,807,899 4,368,102 15,399,830	&	36,689,012 3,765,010 19,696,165	69	39,476,579 4,701,716 22,064,211
Total Governmental Activities, Net Position	\$ 36,651,067	\$ 36,651,067 \$ 41,619,216	S	46,632,822	89	52,116,454	\$ 55,259,532	8	50,263,813	8	53,117,844	89	56,575,831	8	60,150,187	S	66,242,506
Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	∞	so .	· · ·		∞		€9	· · · · ·	1 1 1	↔		⇔		€9		€9	
Total Business-Type Activities, Net Position	S	S		,	S	'	S	. I	1	€9		↔	'	⇔	'	S	'
Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 21,849,023 3,609,005 11,193,039	\$ 24,418,400 3,916,480 13,284,336	\$ 00 80 36	30,293,343 3,332,670 13,006,809	€9	35,442,800 2,771,013 13,902,641	\$ 36,593,177 4,321,096 14,345,259	8	35,768,663 1,416,379 13,078,771	€9	35,927,833 3,140,565 14,049,446	∞	36,807,899 4,368,102 15,399,830	&	36,689,012 3,765,010 19,696,165	∞	39,476,579 4,701,716 22,064,211
Total Primary Government, Net Position	\$ 36,651,067	\$ 41,619,216	s	46,632,822	9	52,116,454	\$ 55,259,532	8	50,263,813	S	53,117,844	∞	56,575,831	8	60,150,187	∻	66,242,506

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)
Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses Governmental Activities:										
Culture and Recreation Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 10,582,963 269,582 10,852,545	\$ 10,179,618 246,359 10,425,977	\$ 9,907,607 226,474 10,134,081	\$ 11,651,125 178,502 11,829,627	\$ 11,995,778 151,631 12,147,409	\$ 12,434,632 140,061 12,574,693	\$ 12,937,975 135,142 13,073,117	\$ 12,989,574 130,495 13,120,069	\$ 13,537,379 127,276 13,664,655	\$ 13,813,656 116,408 13,930,064
Dismost-type Activities: Tennis Center Total Primary Government Expenses	10,852,545	10,425,977	10,134,081	11,829,627	12,147,409	12,574,693	13,073,117	13,120,069	13,664,655	13,930,064
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Culture and Recention:										
Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	2,459,268 153,337 958,984	2,655,793 157,248 699,512	2,296,963 87,233 1,383,455	2,393,696 143,307 2,695,833	2,589,239 116,774 503,996	2,728,592 134,875 27,000	2,997,555 327,887 182,136	3,236,040 244,141 293,441	3,305,216 252,909 101,788	2,725,226 307,034 2,677,091
Business-Type Activities: Tennis Center: Charges for Services		0,0710,0	100,101,0	0,25,050	2,410,007	- 070,40	0,75,105,6	2,7,7,0,022	5,05,750,6	105,701,0
Operating Grants and Contributions Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues										
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	3,571,589	3,512,553	3,767,651	5,232,836	3,210,009	2,890,467	3,507,578	3,773,622	3,659,913	5,709,351
Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities	(7,280,956)	(6,913,424)	(6,366,430)	(6,596,791)	(8,937,400)	(9,684,226)	(9,565,539)	(9,346,447)	(10,004,742)	(8,220,713)
Dusmess-1ype Activities Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	(7,280,956)	(6,913,424)	(6,366,430)	(6,596,791)	(8,937,400)	(9,684,226)	(9,565,539)	(9,346,447)	(10,004,742)	(8,220,713)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:										
Property Tax Replacement Tax	10,164,667 281,141	10,587,248 247,958	10,788,055 262,437	11,531,594 275,043	11,452,258 287,883	11,289,634 234,046	11,543,601	11,960,653 246,345	12,588,873 266,500	13,044,401 291,721
Interest Income Special Receipts	63,217 218,381	28,245 213,333	40,693 224,231	17,195 188,633	29,322 277,134	60,851 186,350	113,161 179,938	259,843 337,593	534,435 480,828	524,375 422,560
Other Transfers	62,159	804,789	64,620	67,958	127,481	254,921	252,228			29,975
Contribution of Net Capital Assets Total Governmental Activities General Revenues and Other	10.789.565	11.881.573	11,380,036	12,080,423	12,174,078	12.025.802	12.419.570	12.804,434	13.870.636	14,313,032
Business-Type Activities: Interest Income				,	,					
Transfers Total Designation Trans Andigities Comment Designation Others		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Primary Government Changes in Net Position	10,789,565	11,881,573	11,380,036	12,080,423	12,174,078	12,025,802	12,419,570	12,804,434	13,870,636	14,313,032
Extraordinary Iten Loss on Cash Equivalent	•	1	'	•	(93,600)	(11,910)	•	•	,	•
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	3,508,609	4,968,149	5,013,606	5,483,632	3,143,078	2,329,666	2,854,031	3,457,987	3,865,894	6,092,319
Total Change in Net Position	\$ 3,508,609	\$ 4,968,149	\$ 5,013,606	\$ 5,483,632	\$ 3,143,078	\$ 2,329,666	\$ 2,854,031	\$ 3,457,987	\$ 3,865,894	\$ 6,092,319

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

2020		'			'	16,969 - 150,000 6,436,201	6,603,170	257,989 4,451,716 4,733,910 10,353,556	\$ 19,797,171
 	·		s		-	\$		1 C 4 4 -	11
2019						7,912 200,000 2,150,000 4,394,349	6,752,261	273,271 3,524,637 4,717,064 8,792,254	\$ 17,307,226
	\$	S	∽		€9	69	8	€	s
~		'			1	20,549 - 2,000,000 4,444,497	6,465,046	285,782 3,055,234 4,129,665 6,210,423	1,104
2018	∞	∽	€		∞	\$ 2 2,00 4,44	\$ 6,46	\$ 28 3,05 4,12 6,21	\$ 13,681,104
	' '	۱	1 1		-	I I		I Gl	"
2017						7,551 300,000 2,758,700 2,843,517	5,909,768	267,867 2,893,198 3,510,953 4,997,275 (7,931)	\$ 11,661,362
	\$	8	6		69	€-	S	€9	€5
2016		'	1 1		'	12,560 - - 4,429,108	4,441,668	275,846 1,167,142 3,367,442 5,063,373 (259,684)	9,614,119
	59	8	€		8	↔	↔	€9	S
2015	' '	'			'	858 - - 6,885,818	6,886,676	257,345 2,912,415 442,796 7,809,447 (1,126,436)	10,295,567
	59	8	€9		8	↔	8	€9	∻
2014		'			'	2,304	6,473,440	268,173 2,987,015 200,115 5,586,781 (1,137,242)	7,904,842
(1	59	\$	€		8	es .	\$	\$ 2 2	8
2013		'			'	- - 6,145,304	6,145,304	255,182 3,082,670 100,057 7,073,206 (833,339)	9,677,776
2	€	\$	↔		8	<i>9</i>	9	8 6	6 8
2012		'		1 1 1 1	'	2,193	7,047,084	261,614 3,666,480 100,000 6,884,547 (799,334)	\$ 10,113,307
3(€9	\$	∽		\$	& 7,,	\$ 7,	3,	\$ 10,
2011	2,250 6,390,100	6,392,350	8,159	6,965,395 514,453 979,426 250,000	8,717,433		٠		;
2	9 8	\$	50	9	∞ ••	∽	€	€	\$
	·			•		·		·	
	General Fund Reserved Unreserved	Total General Fund	All Other Governmental Funds Reserved, Reported in: Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund	Omestvey, reported in: Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Funds Permanent Fund	Total All Other Governmental Funds	General Fund: Non-Spendable Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total General Fund	All Other Governmental Funds: Non-Spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total All Other Governmental Funds

Note: Prior to Fiscal Year 2012, fund balance information in the GASB 54 format was not readily available.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)
Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues Property Taxes Intergovermental Revenues	\$ 10,164,667	\$ 10,587,248 247,958	\$ 10,788,055 262,437	\$ 11,531,594 275,043	\$ 11,452,258 287,883	\$ 11,289,634 234,046	\$ 11,543,601 330,642	\$ 11,960,653 246,345	\$ 12,588,873 266,500	\$ 13,044,401 291,721
Charges for Services, Program Rentals and Related Items Contributions and Sponsorships	2,258,003	2,414,620 92,946	2,116,285	2,219,473 130,626	2,386,989	2,728,592	2,997,555	3,236,040	3,305,216	2,725,226 1,439,914
Merchandise and Concession Sales	201,265	241,173	180,678	174,223	202,250	- 000 -	- 200 400	- 00001	- 000	- 000
Orants Interest Income	63,217	04,30 <i>2</i> 28,245	660,320 40,693	1,720,061	1,853,445	1,808	113,161	10,290 259,843	14,9 /0 534,435	204,239 524,375
Special Receipts	218,381	213,333	224,231	188,633	277,134	186,350	179,938	337,593	480,828	422,283
Miscellancous Total Revenues	13,435,250	98,399 13,988,424	14,414,252	16,324,806	16,698,598	14,889,269	16,080,009	16,578,056	17,530,549	18,652,159
Expenditures Current:										
Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay	8,981,581 1,211,770	8,665,536 2,955,568	8,312,592 6,892,192	9,158,697 8,143,273	10,724,701 2,546,122	10,370,959 1,297,342	10,571,159 1,456,923	10,942,245 2,518,779	11,182,522 1,879,154	10,601,871 5,229,651
Det Service: Principal Interest and Fees	295,000 270,449	305,000 251,712	315,000 231,779	375,000 190,575	385,000 145,214	400,000	410,000 126,584	420,000 122,012	435,000 120,536	445,000
Bond Issuance Costs Total Expenditures	10,758,800	12,177,816	15,751,563	93,279	13,801,037	12,199,729	12,564,666	14,003,036	13,617,212	16,386,305
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,676,450	1,810,608	(1,337,311)	(1,636,018)	2,897,561	2,689,540	3,515,343	2,575,020	3,913,337	2,265,854
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers Out	1,007,468 (1,007,468)	1,126,100 (1,126,100)	1,032,880 (1,032,880)	1,160,660 (1,160,660)	3,721,790 (3,721,790)	2,859,865 (2,859,865)	1,200,567 (1,200,567)	2,639,621 (2,639,621)	4,351,101 (4,351,101)	4,572,624 (4,572,624)
Disposal of Capital Assets Issaurce of Debt Issaurce of Debt Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent Bond Issaurce Premium		240,000		- 4,670,000 (4,589,738) 110,958						75,000
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses):		240,000	1	191,220	'	'	1	1	1	75,000
Extraordinary Item Loss on Cash Equivalent				'	(93,600)	(11,910)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,676,450	\$ 2,050,608	\$ (1,337,311)	\$ (1,444,798)	\$ 2,803,961	\$ 2,677,630	\$ 3,515,343	\$ 2,575,020	\$ 3,913,337	\$ 2,340,854
Debt Service as a Percent of Non-Capital Expenditures	5.79%	5.97%	6.03%	5.30%	4.54%	4.88%	4.78%	4.65%	4.65%	4.60%

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Assessed Value	as a Percent of Actual Value	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%
	Actual Value	5,708,445,759	5,499,332,337	5,323,486,566	5,028,806,472	4,654,012,851	4,581,568,590	4,511,156,889	4,587,788,592	4,600,641,711	4,650,239,253
		8	6	6	6	~	4	10	~	6	6
Total	Direct Tax Rate	0.7193	0.7149	0.7149	0.7149	0.7443	0.7264	0.7645	0.7088	0.6789	0.6529
	Total	1,902,815,253	1,833,110,779	1,774,495,522	1,676,268,824	1,551,337,617	1,527,189,530	1,503,718,963	1,529,262,864	1,533,547,237	1,550,079,751
		↔									
sessed Value	Railroads Value	1,009,588 \$	1,185,438	1,024,136	942,423	992,773	902,966	920,989	928,108	907,361	807,525
Assessed Value	Railroads Value	\$ 1,009,588 \$	1,185,438	1,024,136	942,423	992,773	902,966	920,989	928,108	907,361	807,525
Assessed Value		1,901,805,665 \$ 1,009,588 \$				_					1,549,272,226 807,525
Assessed Value	rty	8		1		_					
Assessed Value		8		1,773,471,386	1,675,326,401	1,550,344,844		1,502,797,974	1,528,334,756	1,532,639,876	1,549,272,226

Source: Champaign County Clerk

Note 1: State law prescribes an assessment ratio of 33% of actual value

Fiscal Years - The annual levy covers the subsequent fiscal year beginning May 1 annually and is approved in November of the preceding fiscal year. Note 2:

Note 3: Total Direct Tax Rate is per \$100 EAV.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

2019	0.3402 0.1218 0.0921 0.0148 0.0210 0.0013 0.0192 0.0631 0.0063 0.0063 0.0063 0.0063	1.3152	0.8189	0.0930	0.0401	0.1533	0.5355	5.0507	0.3343	9.0603
2020	0.3359 0.1206 0.0909 0.0175 0.0193 0.0190 0.0641 0.0050 0.0013 0.0013	1.3152	0.8157	0.0927	0.0398	0.1040	0.5339	5.0510	0.3313	8.9985
2017	0.3338 0.1216 0.0904 0.0188 0.0200 0.0012 0.0187 0.0642 0.0049 0.0013	1.3152	0.8481	0.0925	0.0393	0.1276	0.5411	5.0299	0.3274	9.0360
2016	0.3345 0.1224 0.0851 0.0194 0.0012 0.0192 0.0665 0.0065 0.0013 0.0013	1.3152	0.8458	0.0923	0.0392	0.1267	0.5436	4.2704	0.3235	8.2716
2015	0.3479 0.1267 0.0866 0.0215 0.0013 0.0195 0.0010 0.00013 0.0400	1.3152	0.8672	0.0947	0.0419	0.1307	0.5460	4.4117	0.3332	8.4849
2014	0.3500 0.1259 0.0860 0.0239 0.0213 0.0013 0.00480 0.0050 0.00400	1.3152	0.8636	0.0944	0.0472	0.1290	0.5259	4.3884	0.3282	8.4183
2013	0.3499 0.1205 0.0808 0.0246 0.023 0.0014 0.0210 0.0964 0.0050 0.0016 0.0400	1.3152	0.8511	0.0931	0.0467	0.1259	0.5253	4.3014	0.3198	8.3430
2012	0.3497 0.1114 0.0704 0.0196 0.0220 0.0013 0.0183 0.0697 0.0049 0.0015	1.3152	0.8138	0.0880	0.0404	0.1163	0.5191	4.1185	0.2966	8.0167
2011	0.3419 0.1001 0.0648 0.0186 0.0210 0.0012 0.0174 0.0677 0.0048 0.0014 0.0400	1.3084	0.7841	0.0843	0.0385	0.1102	0.5120	3.8805	0.2831	7.6800
2010	0.3374 0.0549 0.0916 0.0174 0.0014 0.0168 0.0665 0.0049 0.0044	1.2942	0.7688	0.0817	0.0371	0.1075	0.5064	3.7238	0.2725	7.4449
	Limit II applicable 0.3500 0.3700 0.1500 N/A N/A 0.0050 N/A 0.0050 0.0050								,	11
Levy Year Fiscal Years	Champaign Park District: General Recreation Museum IL Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) Social Security Audit Liability Insurance Debt Service Paving and Lighting Police Special Recreation	City of Champaign	Champaign County	Forest Preserve District	City of Champaign Township	Champaign-Urbana Public Health District	Parkland College	Champaign School District Unit 4	Champaign-Urbana Mass Transit District	Total

Fiscal Years - The annual levy covers the subsequent fiscal year beginning May 1 annually and is approved in November of the preceding fiscal year.

Note 2: Tax rates per \$100 of assessed value

Note 1:

Source: Champaign County Clerk

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Principal Property Taxpayers April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

_	2	020			2011	
Name of Company	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
CPM Management LLC (Housing)	\$32,342,690	1	1.70%	\$21,497,260	2	1.39%
The Carle Foundation	30,042,243	2	1.58%	7,561,680	7	0.49%
Champaign Market Place, LLC (Shopping Center)	20,244,476	3	1.06%	24,444,330	1	1.58%
Campus Acquisitions 308 Green LLC	14,222,580	4	0.75%			0.00%
GEM Realty Capital Inc.	14,156,440	5	0.74%			0.00%
Bankier Family	12,735,440	6	0.67%	10,618,880	4	0.69%
Edward Rose Development Co.	11,804,200	7	0.62%			0.00%
Kraft Heinz Foods Co	11,729,580	8	0.62%			0.00%
Shapland Realty, LLC	11,520,100	9	0.61%	12,729,610	3	0.82%
JSM Management	10,885,220	10	0.57%			0.00%
Schaub Properties, LLC				8,600,850	5	0.55%
Baytowne Apartments, LLC (Housing)				7,655,350	6	0.49%
Pickus Companies (Builders)				7,382,560	8	0.48%
Christie Management Co (Health Care)				7,251,030	9	0.47%
Campus Investors LLC (Housing) Total	\$169,682,969		8.92%	6,715,760 \$114,457,310	10	7.38%

Source: Champaign County Assessor

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Property Tax Levies (as Extended) and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

to Date	Percent Levy	0.00%	99.54%	99.24%	99.81%	99.95%	99.73%	99.81%	99.32%	%62.66	99.64%
Total Collections to Date	Amount	↔	13,044,398	12,588,873	11,961,253	11,541,342	11,063,851	11,473,830	10,765,443	10,388,983	10,084,308
Collected	in Subsequent Years (2)		13,044,398	12,588,873	11,961,253	11,541,342	11,063,851	11,473,830	10,765,443	10,388,983	10,084,308
n the	Percent Levy	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Collected Within the Fiscal Year	Amount (1)	⊗	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1
Total Tax Levy	for Fiscal Years	\$ 13,686,950	13,104,909	12,685,868	11,983,646	11,546,606	11,093,505	11,495,931	10,839,415	10,411,252	10,120,471
Fiscal Years	Ended April 30	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
	Tax Years	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Fiscal Years - The annual levy covers the subsequent fiscal year beginning May 1 annually and is approved in November of the preceding fiscal year. Note 1:

Receipts include interest, back taxes, and other payments for future and past revenue years. Note 2:

Source: Champaign County Clerk and Champaign County Treasurer

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governm	ental	Activ	ities					
	General			Alternate		Total	Debt as a Percent		
Fiscal	Obligation Bond	ds		Revenue		Primary	of Personal	Tot	al Debt
Year	Long-Term Onl	<u>y</u>		Bonds	G	overnment	Income	Per	Capita
2020	\$	-	\$	2,520,024	\$	2,520,024	0.06%	\$	28.34
2019		-		2,974,675		2,974,675	0.08%		33.79
2018		-		3,419,323		3,419,323	0.09%		39.47
2017		-		3,848,972		3,848,972	0.10%		44.71
2016		-		4,268,620		4,268,620	0.13%		49.58
2015		-		4,678,269		4,678,269	0.13%		56.08
2014		-		5,072,918		5,072,918	0.16%		60.81
2013		-		5,020,000		5,020,000	0.17%		61.93
2012		-		5,335,000		5,335,000	0.19%		65.82
2011		-		5,640,000		5,640,000	0.21%		69.58

Note: Demographic Information for personal income and population is presented in Schedule 33. This schedule only includes long-term debt. The general obligation bond issue is considered short term as it is less than 365 days.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal	Gene Oblig		amount le in Debt	Net G	eneral	Percent of Estimated Actual Taxable	1	Per
Year	Bonds (Lo		 e Funds		d Debt	Property Value		pita
2020	\$	-	\$ =	\$	=	0.00%	\$	-
2019		-	-		-	0.00%		-
2018		-	-		-	0.00%		-
2017		-	-		-	0.00%		-
2016		-	-		-	0.00%		-
2015		-	=		-	0.00%		-
2014		-	_		-	0.00%		_
2013		-	_		-	0.00%		_
2012		-	-		-	0.00%		-
2011		=	=		-	0.00%		_

Note: Demographic Information for population is presented in Schedule 33. Actual Taxable Property Value is presented in Schedule 24.

This schedule only includes long-term debt. The general obligation bond issue is considered short-term as it is less than 365 days.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt General Obligations Debt April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

		Percentage	Amount
	Bonded	Applicable	Applicable
	Debt	to the	to the
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Park District	Park District (2)
City of Champaign	\$ 62,758,679	100.00%	\$ 62,758,679
Champaign County	17,238,288	46.05%	7,937,933
Champaign School District Unit #4	175,152,604	83.18%	145,689,964
Champaign-Urbana Public Health District	89,283	81.83%	73,058
Parkland College	46,540,000	33.76%	15,712,402
Champaign County Forest Preserve	160,000	46.02%	73,625
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt (1)	301,938,854		232,245,662
Champaign Park District Direct Debt	1,168,900	100.00%	1,168,900
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 303,107,754		\$ 233,414,562

Source: City of Champaign and overlapping government records

Notes:

- (1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the boundaries of the Champaign Park District. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the taxpayers of the Champaign Park District. This estimate produces a schedule that recognizes that, when considering Champaign Park District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.
- (2) Computed by dividing Champaign Park District's assessed value by the assessed value of the overlapping governments and multiplying this rate by the overlapping governments' outstanding debt. An overlapping government unit is any that levies a tax on a citizen of the Champaign Park District. This schedule does not include revenue supported debt.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Computation of Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Assessed Valuation (2020 Levy Year)	\$ 1,902,815,253
Legal Debt Margin Debt Limitation - 2.875 Percent of Total Assessed Value	\$ 54,705,939
Total Debt Applicable to the Debt Limit General Obligation Bond Indebtedness	 1,168,900
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 53,537,039
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Limit as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	 2.14%

Note: By Illinois statute, the legal debt margin excludes alternate revenue source debt while the related property tax is abated.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Schedule of Revenue Supported Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Coverage					has alternate	ction of the	the related	District's	axes.	
	Total					ource. The District	finance the constru	er, these bonds, and	, the revenue of the	, or from property t	
	Interest					The District does not have bond debt supported strictly by a pledged revenue source. The District has alternate	evenue bonds outstanding since fiscal year 2006. These bonds were issued to finance the construction of the	District's Aquatic Center. These are general obligations of the District, however, these bonds, and the related	nterest, are expected to be paid from the funds remaining from the bond issue, the revenue of the District's	from proceeds of annual, short-term, general obligation bonds, or from property taxes.	
	Principal					supported strictly by	d year 2006. These	general obligations o	the funds remaining	ual, short-term, gene	
Available for	Debt Service					not have bond debt	itstanding since fisca	: Center. These are g	cted to be paid from	rom proceeds of ann	
	Expense					The District does	revenue bonds ou	District's Aquatic	interest, are expe	Aquatic Center, f	
	Revenue					Note:					
Fiscal	Year	7070	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Personal						
			Income		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Fiscal	(1)	Ex	xpressed in	Pe	r Capita	Median	School	Unemployment	Unemployment
Year	Population]	Γhousands	I	ncome	Age	Enrollment	Rate (Illinois)	Rate (City)
							40.00=	4= -0/	40.007
2020	88,909	\$	4,223,355	\$	47,502	27	10,037	17.2%	10.9%
2019	88,029		3,929,439		44,638	27	10,014	4.4%	4.1%
2018	86,637		3,915,819		45,198	27	10,092	4.1%	3.0%
2017	86,096		3,690,333		42,863	27	10,092	4.4%	3.8%
2016	86,096		3,378,149		39,237	27	9,951	6.2%	5.3%
2015	83,424		3,475,611		41,662	26	9,439	5.4%	4.2%
2014	83,424		3,260,709		39,086	26	9,383	6.8%	5.1%
2013	81,055		3,010,220		37,138	25	9,208	8.6%	6.3%
2012	81,055		2,788,129		34,398	25	9,179	8.3%	6.2%
2011	81,055		2,623,279		34,398	25	8,893	9.1%	6.7%

Notes:

- Population for 2020 and 2019 is a Census estimate as of 7/1/2019. Population for 2018 is a Census estimate as of 7/1/2016. Population for 2016 is a Census estimate as of 7/1/2015. Population for 2014-2015 is a Census estimate. Population for 2011-2013 is from the 2010 Census conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.
- (2) Provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (3) Age distribution is for the City of Champaign from the 1990 census and 2000 census, U.S. Bureau of the Census.
- (4) Illinois Report Card for Champaign CUSD 4, prior years have been updated to reflect actual data reported. FY2016 reflects the benchmark data submitted to the Illinois State Board of Education.
- (5) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Some amounts from prior years have been updated by the U.S. Department of Labor.
- (6) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics specific to Champaign-Urbana area only at April. Some amounts for prior years were subject to revision by the U.S. Department of Labor.

Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Earlier (Unaudited)

		2020			2011	
Name of Company	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign (1)	14,502	1	33.5%	11,670	1	29.6%
Carle (Carle Clinic Association & Carle Foundation Hospital)	6,921	2	16.0%			
Champaign Unit 4 Schools	1,870	3	4.3%	1,350	2	3.4%
Parkland College	1,588	4	3.7%	910	4	2.3%
Kraft Heinz (2)	925	5	2.1%	1,400	3	3.5%
Christie Clinic Association	916	6	2.1%	700	6	1.8%
Presence Health/OSF Healthcare (Provena Covenant)	774	7	1.8%			
Plastipak	650	8	1.5%	800	5	2.0%
City of Champaign	598	9	1.4%	590	8	1.5%
Busey Bank	461	10	1.1%			
Hobbico, Inc.				700	6	1.8%
Amdocs				450	10	1.1%
Horizon Hobby, Inc.				550	9	1.4%
Total	29,205		67.4%	19,120		48.4%

Source: Economic Development Corporation, Bureau of Labor Statistics and http://dmi.illinois.edu/cp/

Note: (1) The University of Illinois, administration, and campus are located in both Champaign and Urbana and is full-time equivalents.

(2) Located in an unincorporated area adjacent to the City.

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Number of District Employees by Function (Full-Time Equivalents)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

2020		14.7	3.7	3.0	102.1	36.8	160.3
2019		13.7	3.4	2.6	105.5	39.8	165.0
2018		13.1	3.3	3.0	107.3	42.2	169
2017		10.7	3.7	N/A		39.4	166
2016		9.5	2.1	N/A	111.8	34.6	158
2015		12.8	2.5	N/A	102.4	37.8	156
2014		12	7	N/A	86	31	143
2013		13	7	N/A	58	29	102
2012		13	7	N/A	59	30	104
2011		13	3	N/A	09	30	106
	Function	Culture and Recreation: Administration (Note 1)	Marketing	Planning (Note 2)	Recreation/Arts	Operations (Note 2)	TOTAL

Beginning in 2014, there was a change in management and calculation of FTES. The Total hours by classification codes are divided by 2,080 hours.

NOTES:

Includes human resources, technology, risk management.
 Planning and development was moved out of Administratio

Planning and development was moved out of Administration and into Operations during FY15, then as a separate department for FY18.

Source: District Finance Department

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function										
Culture and Recreation: Facility Usage Douglass Center & Annex	33,992	23,110	23,402	25,085	24,727	37,513	41,125	33,738	30,635	26,231
Hays Center	11,919	10,351	6,134	5,711	5,254	5,719	11,949	13,108	14,483	8,162
Kaufman Boathouse	1,813	945	820	784	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
Leonhard Rec Center	34,058	25,330	20,925	20,605	73,395	84,455	85,833	93,795	102,944	71,570
Prairie Farm	9,902	10,198	2,835	10,025	18,000	20,600	13,500	11,500	12,000	11,000
Skate Park	6,127	5,830	4,347	unknown						
Springer Cultural Center	41,669	37,979	37,504	33,323	31,941	33,969	37,685	36,965	37,586	34,611
Dodds Tennis Center	55,837	27,449	28,314	25,548	25,000	23,675	23,347	25,422	27,145	21,885
Virginia Theatre	31,599	79,614	5,570	39,628	61,981	45,699	62,958	76,036	65,163	44,644
Pool Usage Sholem Pool	101,539	81,382	95,284	60,496	51,145	69,121	88,858	71,846	84,883	73,412
Spalding Pool	14,100	7,216	closed	closed	closed	closed	closed	closed	closed	closed

Source: Various District Departments

CHAMPAIGN PARK DISTRICT
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

·	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function										
Culture and Recreation:										
Ballfields, not lighted	17	17	17	16	16	15	19	16	16	15
Ballfields, lighted	11	11	11	10	10	10	7	10	10	10
Basketball Courts, lighted	S	S	S	S	S	9	5	S	5	5
Basketball Courts, not lighted	13	13	13	13	14	15	13	13	14	14
Trails	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	16	16
Parks	61	61	61	62	62	62	62	62	63	63
Playgrounds	29	29	29	30	30	31	31	31	31	33
Recreation Centers	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Skate Parks	1	1	7	2	2	2	2	7	2	2
Soccer Fields	22	22	22	22	24	25	25	25	26	26
Swimming Facilities	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Tennis Courts-Indoor, lighted	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Tennis Courts-Outdoor, lighted	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Tennis Courts-Outdoor, not lighted	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞
Bocce Ball Courts-Outdoor	1	•	1	7	2	2	2	7	2	7
Volleyball Courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	9
Sprayground	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2

Source: Various District Departments